THE BEDFORD GAZETTE
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ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE,
THE NEW REMEDY FOR
RHEUMATISM.
A NEW REMEDY, A CERTAIN REMEDY, FOR
ACUTE RHEUMATISM,
CHRONIC RHEUMATISM,
RHEUMATISM OF EVERY KIND;
No MATTER *PROPYLAMINE* HOW STUBBORN, HOW LONG STANDING,
WILL CONQUER IT, WILL CURE IT.
WHAT IT HAS DONE, IT WILL DO AGAIN.
DOCTORS READ, DOCTORS EXAMINE, DOCTORS TRY IT.
THE BEST TESTIMONY, BEST MEDICAL AUTHORITY.
DOCTORS KNOW IT, PATIENTS BELIEVE IT, TRIED AND TRUE.

Pennsylvania Hospital.
(FROM OFFICIAL HOSPITAL REPORTS.)

MAY 19, 1860.—Ellen S., æt. 28, single, never was very strong. Two years ago she had an attack of acute rheumatism, from which she was confined to her bed for two weeks, and subsequently from a relapse for four more. She has been well since then till last Saturday; while engaged in house-cleaning she took cold, had pain in her back, felt cold but had no decided chill. Two days later her ankles began to swell, which was followed by swelling of the knee joints and of the hands. She has now dull pain in her shoulders, and her knuckles are very tender, red and painful; both hands are affected, but the right is most so. This, then, is a case of acute rheumatism, or, as it is now fashionably called, rheumatic fever. It is a well marked typical case. We will carefully watch the case, and from time to time call your attention to the various symptoms which present themselves. My chief object in bringing her before you now, is to call your attention to a remedy which has recently been recommended in the treatment of rheumatism. I mean *propylamine*. Dr. Awenarius, of St. Petersburg, recommends it in the highest terms, having derived great benefit from its use in 250 cases which came under his care. Various complimentary testimonials respecting it have appeared in our journals, and I propose therefore to give it another trial. I must confesss I am always incredulous as to the worth of new remedies, which are vaunted as specifics; but this comes to us recommended so highly, that we are bound to give it a trial.

SAME CASE FOUR DAYS LATER!

MAY 23, 1860.—I will now exhibit to you the patient for whom I prescribed Propylamine, and who was then laboring under an attack of acute rheumatism. She has steadily taken it in doses of three grains, every two hours, (intermitting it at night). The day after you saw her, I found her much more comfortable, better than she expected to be for a week or more, judging from her other attack. (The patient now walked into the room.) The improvement has steadily progressed, and you cannot fail to notice a marked change in the appearance of her joints, which are now nearly of their natural size. Thus far our experiment would have seemed very successful; but gentlemen, we must wait a little while before we can give a decided opinion as to what is to be the result.

Here is another patient who was placed on the use of the same medicine on Sunday last; she has long been suffering from chronic rheumatism, and I found her at that time with an acute attack supervening upon her chronic affection. The wrists and knuckles were much swollen and tense. She took the chloride of propylamine in three grain doses every two hours, and you will perceive that the swelling of the joints has much diminished.

THREE DAYS LATER!!

MAY 26, 1860.—This is the case of acute rheumatism treated with propylamine, the first of those to which I called your attention at our last clinic. She is still very comfortable, and is now taking three grains thrice daily.

In this case it has seemed to be followed by very satisfactory results. The second case to which your attention was called at our last lecture, has also continued to do well. I will now bring before you a very characteristic case of acute rheumatism, and if the result be satisfactory, *I think, as good jurymen, we shall justly render our verdict in favor of propylamine.*

He is a seaman, æt. 26, who was admitted a few days ago. Has had occasional rheumatic pains, but not so as to keep his bed, until eight days ago. The pains began in his right knee, subsequently affected the left knee, and later, the joints of the upper extremities. These joints are all swollen tense and tender. His tongue is furred; skin, at present, dry, though there has been much sweating. His pulse is full and strong, and about 90. He has now used propylamine for twenty-four hours.

This gentleman is what may be called a strictly typical case of acute rheumatism. There was exposure to cold and wet, and this exposure is followed by a feeling of coldness, severe articular pain, beginning as it usually does, in the lower joints. There is fever and the profuse sweating, so generally attendant on acute rheumatism.

I did not bring this patient before you with the intention of giving you a lecture on all the points connected with rheumatism, but to again give a trial to the new remedy we are testing, and to exhibit to you this typical case, as I have called it, than which there could not be a fairer opportunity for testing the medicine in question. We are, therefore, avoiding the use of all other medicines, even anodynes, that there may be no misgivings as to which was the efficient remedy. You shall see the case at a future clinic.

THE RESULT.

A FAVORABLE VERDICT.

JUNE 9, 1860.—The next of our convalescents is the case of acute rheumatism before you at our clinic of May 26th, which I then called a typical case, and which it was remarked was a fair opportunity for testing the worth of our new remedy. It was therefore steadily given in three grain doses every two hours for four days. The patient has got along very nicely, and is now able to walk about, as you see. *I do not hesitate to say that I have never seen as severe a case of acute rheumatism so soon restored to health as this man has been, and without being prepared to decide positively as to the value of the remedy we have used, I feel bound to state that in the cases in which we have tried the Chloride of Propylamine, the patients have regained their health much earlier than under the treatment ordinarily pursued.* I wish, gentlemen, you would yourselves try it, and report the results.

For a full report of which the above is a condensed extract, see the Philadelphia *Medical and Surgical Reporter*. It is the report after a fair trial by the best medical authority in this country, and makes it unnecessary to give numerous certificates from astonished doctors and rejoicing patients.
A SPEEDY CURE,
AN EFFECTUAL CURE.
THE SAME RESULT
IN EVERY CASE,
WHENEVER TRIED,
WHEREVER TRIED.

Bedford Gazette.

VOLUME 58. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. WHOLE NUMBER, 3002.

NEW SERIES. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1862. VOL. 5. NO. 39

WHAT IT HAS DONE, IT WILL DO AGAIN.

Bullock and Crenshaw, a firm well known to most medical men, by whom the Elixir Propylamine has been introduced, have sold to us the exclusive right to manufacture it according to the original recipe, and we have made arrangements of such magnitude as to enable us to scatter it broadcast amongst suffering humanity.

A WORD TO DOCTORS.

If you prefer to use the same remedy in another form, we invite your attention to the
PURE CRYSTALIZED CHLORIDE PROPYLAMINE,
PURE PROPYLAMINE LIQUID,
PURE PROPYLAMINE CONCENTRATED,
PURE IODINE PROPYLAMINE,
of which we are the sole manufacturers.
☞We claim no other virtue for the Elixir Propylamine than is contained in Pure Crystalized Chloride of Proypylamine,
THE ELIXIR IS
MORE CONVENIENT, AND ALWAYS READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE,
AND MAY BE TAKEN ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS,
BY ANY ONE, BY EVERY ONE,
WHO HAS RHEUMATISM OF ANY KIND
At 75 cts. a Bottle.
Orders may be addressed to
PROPYLAMINE MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, Room No. 4,
S. W. Cor. FOURTH and CHESTNUT STS.,
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Or to either of the following Wholesale Agents.
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Dec. 6,'61-1yr. PHILADELPHIA.

SENATOR McDOUGAL.

Senator McDougal, of California, made a powerful speech in the Senate, a few days ago against the arbitrary arrest and confinement of citizens of the loyal States, without any charges being made against the victim or a trial granted him. His speech was an unanswerable effort in behalf of the supremacy of the law and the sanctity of the Constitution, and a glorious vindication of the rights of the citizen. Senator McDougal was elected as a Douglas Democrat from California, by a combination of republicans and a portion of the democratic party. Having by his late able speech condemned the encroachments made by those in power upon the constitutional rights of the people, we expect to see him denounced by Forney as a Breckinridge Democrat and traduced by the whole Republican Press as a sympathiser with treason. Senator Wade, abolitionist from Ohio, denounced him as such in the Senate the other day, and we soon expect all the small fry politicians like Forney, soon to follow suit. Yet this same Senator McDougal, when they believed he could be used by them for the purpose of defeating the Democratic party, was a paragon of patriotism in the eyes of the same Republican leaders.—By his recent speech, the Senator from California has shown that the principles of Democracy still glow in his heart and that all differences between Democrats have sunk into oblivion in their ardor for the Constitution, and their effort for the salvation of the country. He has endeared himself to the lovers of constitutional liberty throughout the land. Let us strive together for THE UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY FOR THE SAKE OF THE UNION, and all will yet be well.

[*York Gazette.*

COL. ASHBY.—A correspondent of the New York *World*, writing from Woodstock, Va., gives the following sketch of the confederate Colonel Ashby:

Ashby—no disciplined soldier, pursuing no regular line of warfare, which is a part of a plan comprising different branches of service, infantry, cavalry and artillery—has displayed a skill and genius in the management of his men which have made him in the estimation of this division no ordinary commander. He has protected the retreat of Jackson most admirably, and while, at one time, our advance were close upon him, he rode up the hill before them as quietly as any peaceful farmer on a market day. He is a great horseman, and always has been; and through these mountains and forests of the Shenandoah has ranged on horseback in the hunt of the fox and deer, and has often distinguished himself in the tournament, which is among the still cherished practices of the Virginians, and I am told that while riding at the top of his speed he will throw his lance upon the ground and seize it again in passing with the utmost dexterity.

His horse, too, is disciplined like his master, to the accomplishment of the most wonderful feats. He will drop to the ground in a flash, at the wish of his rider, and rise again as suddenly, bound through the woods like a deer, avoiding trees and branches, clearing every obstacle, jumping fences and ditches with perfect ease. All who know him say he is a man of modest, quiet demeanor; a silent man, who keeps his own counsel, and is held in the most fabulous regard by his men and inferior officers. He is said to be a Christian and a man of eminent piety, as is also his general, the Stonewall Jackson. I must frankly express the degree of respect which I have led to entert in for the character of this non-committal, dark, inscrutable Col. Ashby.

A young farmer asked an old Scotchman for advice in his pursuit. He told him what had been the secret of his own success in farming, and he concluded with the following warning: "Never, Sandie, *never*—above all things, never get in debt, but if ever you do, *let it be for manure.*"—*Genessee Farmer.*

What is society, after all, but a mixture of mister-ies and miss-eries.

☞An Irish judge said, when addressing a prisoner, "You are to be hanged, and I hope it will prove a warning to you."

Gen. Halleck's Opinion of Gen. McClellan.

In conversation with a gentleman from St. Louis lately, I learned some things that I must confess were new to me, and as I think the idea will be new to the public generally, and as in presenting it I shall not transcend the rules laid down for the government of the press, I will endeavor to jot it down. The gentleman referred to I know to be a warm personal friend to General Halleck, and shares much of that sterling officer's favor and confidence. Hence a weight will be attached to what he says, such as does not accrue to the sayings of ordinary men. I would like to give his name that the public might the more readily comprehend the reason why I assign so much paper to the chronicling of his ideas. The conversation turned upon the operations of the army here and elsewhere. I asked—

"What is General Halleck's opinion of General McClellan?"

"Sir," said my friend, "I have heard Gen. Halleck say, in substance, repeatedly, that he considered the military skill, science and penetration of Gen. McClellan as second to that of no man living; that whatever had been done in the West and elsewhere was but the carrying out of McClellan's great plan of the war; that the general idea of each and every of these movements was the fruit of his foresight and knowledge of war and its appliances, and that McClellan had rough-hewn the whole work and only left the finishing touches to the department and division commanders."

This coming so direct from General Halleck, led me to push my inquiries still further. I asked: "Can you give any reasonable solution to the mystery that hangs so heavily over the operations of the army on the Potomac?"

He replied:—"I cannot explain anything; but I may advance an idea to you that I received from Gen. Halleck not a month ago. In conversation with him I made nearly the same interrogatory you have just propounded to me, and the General's answer to me must be yours. It is this, as near in his own words as I can repeat them:—"This is a war in which success rests upon considerations that do not generally enter into men's calculations. You are aware that the revolted States occupy a vastly different geographical position from the loyal ones. Health, incident to climate, food, water, habits, &c., is as different in the two sections as could be conceived of that of two distinct nations. Certain hygienic principles are to be studied in carrying on a campaign as well as the more external appliances of war, else disaster and defeat will follow. An army must be sound physically as well as patriotic. Enervation, prostration and climatic maladies must be avoided if possible. Now the seceded States are eminently unhealthy during a certain portion of the year. The months of August, September and October are those during which the tropical diseases rage, which so fearfully decimate even the native population, and the more general carrying off those habituated to a different clime. The yellow fever rages through the South periodically every two or three years, and as that malady has not appeared during the last two seasons it may naturally be expected this year. In view of this state of well established facts, a far-seeing general would try to devise means to avoid the consequences. If a Northern army should be marched southward to the gulf shore during the sickly months, and should there be attacked by a maladiac foe and cut off by a tropical ennui, the execrations of a nation would be vented upon a general who would thus expose his troops. Hence it becomes necessary to do what is to be done in the extreme South early in the year. The Southern Atlantic coast, the Gulf States and the South-west must be overrun during a season of comparative healthfulness. Rebellion must be crushed out and rebel troops driven back to the cooler regions of the mountains of North Carolina, Western Tennessee and Southern Virginia during the season when nature is in favor of, instead of against, an exotic army; then, once hemmed in by an overpowering force, the enemy must fall—it is inevitable. Now, under these circumstances, it is not hard to see why a skillful Commander-in-Chief should exert himself to retain the bulk of an enemy's army in a position where he can at a proper time strike a death blow the more surely. If the flower of the rebel army be coaxed to remain north of Richmond, so much of its strength is wasted; our armies in the West and South have the less to contend against and our victories are the more certain. The Western army clears the great Valley of the Mississippi of secession; the Gulf squadron re-establishes the constitution in the populous cities of the South; the Roanoke and Beaufort forces are pushed inward and northward; and next autumn, when the sickly season approaches, all, conjointly, are driving the rebels back to the locality where a fresh army of loyal men are waiting to receive them, in a country where Southron has no advantage over Northman. Then comes the great decisive action of the campaign. The Union troops, flushed with constant victory, meet those dispirited by constant reverses. Who can doubt the result? On the other hand we will suppose that the Commanding General and the War Department yield to the clamor of those who only seek for carnage regardless of consequences, and order an advance upon Richmond. The result would be simply to drive the rebels away to some other point, where they would make a second stand, and a third or a fourth, *each time leading the Federal troops farther and farther away from the localities of their acclimation, and into more sure and terrible mortality.* No; let McClellan work. Let him keep the rebels concentrated as far North as possible, and so keep rebel forces from coming farther south, and next summer or early in the autumn a denouement will come which will justify the present apparent inactivity of the army of the Potomac.—If the enemy shall retreat, let Gen. McClellan advance to their positions; if not, let him remain in *statu quo*, until he is ready to make every shot tell its most against treason."

New Congressional Apportionment.

Under the Apportionment Bill recently passed, the population and the party divisions are exhibited in the following table. For the Philadelphia Districts the vote given is that for Clerk of Orphans' Court, October, 1861, but for all the other Districts we have taken the vote between CURTIN and FOSTER, in October, 1860, that being the latest available vote:

	Rep.	*Dem.*
FIRST DISTRICT—PHILADELPHIA.		
Second Ward	1,453	1,675
Third Ward	870	1,160
Fourth Ward	682	1,345
Fifth Ward	808	1,111
Sixth Ward	672	951
Eleventh Ward	783	957
Population, 130,320.	5,268	7,217
SECOND DISTRICT—PHILADELPHIA.		
First Ward	2,004	1,690
Seventh Ward	1,779	1,088
Eighth Ward	1,149	998
Ninth Ward	1,185	971
Tenth Ward	1,646	962
Population, 129,353.	7,763	5,709
THIRD DISTRICT—PHILADELPHIA.		
Twelfth Ward	897	998
Thirteenth Ward	1,351	1,140
Sixteenth Ward	1,078	1,181
Seventeenth Ward	754	1,547
Eighteenth Ward	1,661	836
Nineteenth Ward	1,386	1,515
Population, 125,843.	7,127	7,217
FOURTH DISTRICT—PHILADELPHIA.		
Fourteenth Ward	1,478	992
Fifteenth Ward	1,848	1,728
Twentieth Ward	1,782	1,819
Twenty-first Ward	1,107	980
Twenty-fourth Ward	1,284	1,225
Population, 127,864.	7,499	6,744
FIFTH DISTRICT—PHILADELPHIA.		
Twenty-second Ward	1,307	870
Twenty-third Ward	1,234	1,104
Twenty-fifth Ward	511	882
Bucks county	6,383	6,330
Population, 119,938.	9,435	9,186
SIXTH DISTRICT.		
Montgomery county	5,812	7,392
Lehigh	4,166	4,566
Population, 105,254.	9,978	11,958
SEVENTH DISTRICT.		
Chester county	7,540	5,913
Delaware county	3,183	1,996
Population, 114,656.	10,723	7,909
EIGHTH DISTRICT.		
Berks county	6,883	10,318
Population, 93,819.		
NINTH DISTRICT.		
Lancaster county	13,012	7,153
Population, 116,315.		
TENTH DISTRICT.		
Schuylkill county	7,301	7,067
Lebanon county	3,847	2,234
Population, 121,340.	11,140	9,301
ELEVENTH DISTRICT.		
Northampton county	3,507	5,249
Carbon county	1,722	1,930
Monroe county	822	2,163
Pike county	324	843
Wayne county	2,610	2,537
Population, 125,140.	8,985	12,722
TWELFTH DISTRICT.		
Luzerne county	6,662	6,916
Susquehanna county	4,110	2,456
Population, 126,510.	10,772	9,372
THIRTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Bradford county	6,664	2,328
Wyoming county	1,256	1,295
Sullivan county	394	543
Columbia county	1,848	2,586
Montour county	983	1,220
Population, 105,030.	11,145	7,972
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Northumberland county	2,544	2,812
Union county	1,820	1,019
Snyder county	1,704	1,134
Juniata county	1,503	1,465
Dauphin county	4,555	3,302
Population, 121,815	12,126	9,732
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Cumberland county	3,625	3,716
York county	5,322	6,665
Perry county	2,416	2,128
Population, 131,092.	11,363	12,509
SIXTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Adams county	2,773	2,849
Franklin county	4,053	3,379
Fulton county	828	957
Bedford county	2,464	2,561
Somerset county	2,980	1,362
Population, 132,792.	13,098	11,108
SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Cambria county	2,177	2,583
Blair county	3,051	2,121
Huntingdon county	3,042	2,172
Mifflin county	1,723	1,490
Population, 101,427.	9,993	8,366
EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT.		
Tioga county	4,147	1,331
Potter county	1,410	615
Lycoming county	3,615	3,034
Clinton county	1,750	1,703
Centre county	3,165	2,824
Population, 124,735	14,087	9,507
NINETEENTH DISTRICT.		
Jefferson county	1,886	1,493
Erie county	5,613	2,469
Warren county	2,112	1,172
McKean county	1,048	700
Elk county	421	633
Cameron county		
Forest county	100 maj.	
Clearfield county	1,755	2,040
Population, 121,314.	12,695	8,513
TWENTIETH DISTRICT.		
Crawford county	5,277	3,178
Mercer county	3,624	2,794
Venango county	2,581	2,122
Clarion county	1,791	2,297
Population, 135,650.	13,273	10,391
TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.		
Indiana county	3,672	1,886
Westmoreland county	4,830	5,276
Fayette county	3,382	3,556
Population, 127,382.	11,884	10,718
TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.		
Allegheny (part) *	10,507	6,631
Population, 126,364.		
TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.		
Allegheny (part) †	4,493	438
Butler county	3,526	2,548
Armstrong county	3,474	2,698
Population, 123,367.	11,492	5,684
TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.		
Lawrence county	2,645	959
Beaver county	2,682	1,715
Washington county	4,768	4,206
Greene county	1,529	2,669
Population, 123,287.	11,624	9,549

* Congressional vote of October, 1860.
† Also vote of October, 1860. G. W. CASS got some votes in this district which are not included.

"NOT DEEP ENOUGH FOR PRAYING."—A good story is told of two raftsmen, which occurred during the late big blow on the Mississippi, at which time so many rafts were swamped, and steamboats lost their sky riggings. A raft was just emerging from Lake Pepin as the squall came. In an instant the raft was pitching and writhing as if suddenly dropped into Charybdis, while the waves broke over with tremendous uproar, and expecting instant destruction, the raftsman dropped on his knees and commenced praying with a vim equal to the emergency.—Happening to open his eyes an instant, he observed his companion, not engaged in prayers, but pushing a pole into the water at the side of the raft.

"What's that yer doin', Mike?" said he; "get down on yer knees now for there isn't a minit between us and purgatory!"

"Be aisy, Pat," said the other, as he coolly continued to punch with his pole, "be aisy, now! *what's the use of prayin' when a feller can tech bottom with a pole?*"

Mike is a pretty good specimen of a large class of christians, who prefer to omit prayer so long as they can "tech bottom."

SCENE IN A DRY GOODS STORE.—Dry goods stores are sometimes the scene of ludicrous conversation. The other day a young lady stepped into a well known establishment in town, and inquired of a fine looking young clerk:

"Sir, have you any mouse colored ladies' gloves?"

"Mouse colored ladies', gloves, Miss?"

"Yes—a sort of grey—just the color of your drawers here," meaning the store drawers of course, which were painted grey.

"My drawers, Miss," ejaculated the young man, glancing downward to see if every thing was right and tight. "My drawers, Miss! why I don't wear any!" The young lady was carried home on a shutter.

ABOLITIONISTS.—Twenty-three years ago, in his place in the Senate, Henry Clay portrayed, as with the touch of a master limner, the Abolitionists of the day.

Then they were an insignificant faction: now they are a powerful party, but unchanged in feature, motive or purpose:

With them the rights of property are nothing: the deficiency of the powers of the General Government is nothing, the acknowledged and incontestible powers of the States are nothing, civil war, a dissolution of the Union, and the overthrow of the Government in which are concentrated the fondest hopes of the civilized world are nothing. A single idea has taken possession of their minds, and onward they pursue it, overlooking all barriers, reckless and regardless of all consequences.

OUR ARMY.—A correspondent in the Utica *Herald*, writing of the length of our army of 600,000 men, says they would form a line, if standing in single file, two feet apart, 227 miles. Placing them in double rank, there would be a line extending 113½ miles, and it would require over eleven hours for the Commander-in-Chief to review them on "horseback," riding at the rate of ten miles an hour. When formed into a hollow square, the enclosure would contain over 416,528 acres. Place them in a solid square, allowing four square feet to each man, they would cover 220 acres.

☞A boy at school in the West, when called on to recite his lesson in history, was asked, "What is the German Diet?"

"Sourkrout, schnapps and sausages."

☞A gentleman whose father had been hanged was accustomed to say of him: "He died upon a platform at a large public meeting."

☞Eat little to day, and you will have a better appetite for eating to-morrow—more to eat to-morrow, and more to-morrow for eating.

Rates of Advertising

	3 MONTHS.	6 MONTHS.	1 YEAR.
One Square, three weeks or less			$1 00
One Square, each additional insertion less than three months			25
One square	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00
Two squares	3 00	5 00	9 00
Three squares	4 00	7 00	12 00
¼ Column	5 00	9 00	15 00
⅓ Column	8 00	12 00	20 00
½ Column	12 00	18 00	30 00
One Column	18 00	30 00	50 00

The Schoolmaster Abroad.

EDITED BY SIMON SYNTAX, ESQ.

☞Teachers and friends of education are respectfully requested to send communications to the above, care of "*Bedford Gazette.*"

A WORD TO DIRECTORS.

MR. EDITOR:—

The duties of directors are so well defined in the Common School Law and in the instructions of the School Department, that they cannot be mistaken. Hence, it is not our design to say what directors should do. All that teachers, and all that the community ask of them, is, to perform the duties enumerated, without excepting any.

But that to which we desire to call attention is, the slow and unsystematic manner in which some boards of directors perform their duties. They are always "behind time," they never make any arrangements in proper season; and, consequently, when any one inquires of them for any information, concerning teachers' salaries, length of term taught, &c., they cannot give it, "because they have not yet come to any definite conclusion on the subject."

This delay on the part of directors is unfavorable to a prosperous condition of the schools, and besides, it is highly inconvenient to teachers. The majority of teachers are persons of limited means and cannot well afford to spend day after day in trying to ascertain what directors intend to do. We have seen the best qualified candidates at township examinations leave the districts with deep disappointment and a determination not to return, for the sole reason that directors could not, or would not give them any satisfactory information. Thus, through the tardiness of the directors, the district lost the services of well qualified and faithful instructors.

And why is this? Is this delay at all necessary? Is it necessary that teachers be always required to attend some *future* meeting of the board before they can obtain satisfaction? We think not. Directors can write at definite conclusions on subjects pertaining to the administration of their office, during the early part of the year as easily as at a later period; and when we consider that by doing this they will not only avoid much inconvenience to teachers, but will ultimately benefit their own communities, we can see no reason for any delay whatever. Those districts that offer the best inducements are entitled to the best instructors; but directors can secure the services of such, only by making known the inducements at an early date.

There are some boards of directors whose arrangements are satisfactory and convenient to all, but our lot has hitherto been in those districts in which we think directors could improve very much in the administration of school affairs.

B. V.

BERLIN, Somerset Co., April 26, '62.

Simon Syntax, Esq. (pro. tem.)

Since on my jaunt from old Bedford, I have been, like a chameleon, living on mountain air, until I have really grown quite rotund; but unlike Falstaff, "'Tis (not) grief that puffs me out." I would have written to the school column long ago, but I have been so busy attending "quiltings," "sugar-stirrings-off," and other social gatherings that require the constant attention of a gentleman, that I have, previous to this, found little time to write. I have not had the pleasure of visiting any of the schools of this county since my arrival here, although I have made some interesting calls on the female teachers who were engaged (in teaching) last Winter, and if the schools were half as bright as the teachers are, old Bedford can't hold a candle to them. The scenery in this county is fine—consisting chiefly of what might be called mixed lands—that is, a conglomeration of rock, saw-logs, "spring-houses" and red barns, slightly diversified by what, in Bedford, would be called "perpendicular real estate," with, now and then, a cow pasture looming up in the dim distance like the smoke from a farm house chimney at "dinner-time." And, then, there are some tall pine trees up here—a man must lie on his back in order to see the tops of them without breaking his neck; and the butter is glorious!! (excuse my emotions.) *This is* a great country, and it "is" not all fenced in yet. Although I have not visited any of the schools, I have seen some of the finest school-houses in the State. Prof. Stutzman calls them the monuments of wisdom mounted on the hills of science. *Apropos*, he also says he will be with you at your Semi-annual Association, provided you will indemnify him against all bad weather, mud knee deep not being favorable to pedestrian locomotion. I will be with you anon. Meantime, "Put your shoulders to the wheel—pray to God for success—and push on the *column*."

Yours, in the "caws,"

SIMON SYNTAX, ESQ.

Problems.

3. The distance from Oakland to Parkesburg is 16 miles, and ⅝ of this distance is ¼ of the distance from Parkesburg to Marietta, lacking one mile; what is the distance?

4. From Philadelphia to Lancaster the distance is 68 miles, and ¼ of this, increased by 3 miles, equals four-sevenths of the distance from Lancaster to Harrisburg, minus 3 miles; required the distance to Harrisburg?

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, : : : : : : : : MAY 2, 1862.

Free White Labor.

The rallying-cry of the so-called "Republican" party, has been, for some years, "The interests of Free White Labor in contradistinction from the Interests of Slave Labor." Upon this the leaders of that party pretended to hinge all their pet schemes and doctrines, such as Aid for Bleeding Kansas, the Homestead Bill, the Tariff, and in fact every issue discussed from the date of the first annual message of Ex-President Pierce down to the election of Abraham Lincoln. The poor man was to be made rich at once on the accession of Mr. Lincoln to the Presidency. There was to be "land for the landless," in boundless acres, and "homes for the homeless," were to spring up in a manner worthy of the days of the Alhambra. The "hard Democratic times" were to cease immediately and every poor man's pocket was to be lined with gold. As for an increase of taxes, or the making of a direct levy upon the people for the support of the Government, that was never dreamed of, and had any man dared to hint at it, he would have been set down at once as a fool or an electioneering "loco-foco." How well the "Republican" leaders have kept the promises they made to the people, and how sadly their prophecies have failed of fulfilment, let history determine. One thing is certain, to wit, since their elevation to power they have exhibited much greater solicitude for the condition of the black man than they have for that of the "poor white laborer" for whom they professed, prior to the presidential election, to have such sincere and sympathetic regard. They have turned loose the slaves of the District of Columbia and sent the "contrabands" taken by the army into the Northern States, to share the labor and wages, nay to divide the last crust, with the poor white laboring man. They have passed through the Senate of the United States, a bill to remove all disabilities of color in carrying the mails, virtually making a negro eligible to the office of postmaster. And now they are urging the indiscriminate confiscation of rebel property and many of them advocate the direct emancipation of all the slaves in the slave-holding states, the success of either of which propositions, would precipitate upon the country four millions of blacks who would have to earn their living side by side with the white laborer and eat of the bread that is now for him alone, or suffer death inevitably from want and starvation. Such is the friendship of Republicanism for "free white labor."

The Gazette Sustained.

In our paper of November 12th, 1858, we published the following article:

"Section Fourth of Article First of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, declares that

'*Each county shall have at least one Representative*, but no county hereafter erected shall be 'entitled to a separate representation until a 'sufficient number of taxable inhabitants shall be 'contained within it to entitle them to one Rep'resentative, agreeably to the ratio which shall 'then be established.'

This clause was contained in the Constitution of 1790, and forms, in the same identical language, a part of our present Constitution. By this provision, every county in the State, which was established prior to 1790, is seperately and individually entitled to at least one representative. Bedford county, as every body knows, was erected previous to that date, and, therefore, has a just and constitutional claim to *at least one representative*, independent of any connexion with any other county. This fact being established, the question arises, did the framers of the Constitution intend, when they granted one representative to Bedford county, that Somerset should choose that representative and not Bedford itself? Did they intend that if Bedford cast 2008 votes for Gen. Burns, and but 1806 for George W. Williams, that Williams should be considered elected as that representative merely because he was preferred to Gen. Burns by the people of another county? Most assuredly not. It would have been the climax of nonsense, to say that a county 'shall have at least one representative,' but such representative shall be chosen by the people of another county!"

When the above article was published it called forth the ridicule and denunciation of a considerable portion of the Republican press of the State, and the Gazette was laughed to scorn for daring to broach the idea of separate representation for Bedford county. But what will those journals say now, when a Republican House of Representatives has been compelled to admit Mr. Cessna to a seat and a Republican Legislature has been forced to undo the hateful tie which bound the Somerset millstone to our necks, and all this on the very ground set forth in our much abused article of three years and a half ago? What will the author of the legislative gerrymander of 1857, think of his handiwork now? Will not those journals and the patriotic Ex-Senator (who is now far away, fighting the battles of his country) look back with a sigh of regret when they find that after all their fun at the expense of the Gazette's "separate representation" articles, the position assumed in those articles has been triumphantly sustained by the darkest kind of a dark hued Republican Legislature? Poor fellows! We pity them. But they should remember, hereafter, that "honesty is the best policy" and that "cheating never prospers."

Death of Private John Saupp.—The remains of private John Saupp, of Company K, (Capt. Filler's, of this place) 55th Regiment, P. V., have been discovered by his comrades on Johosse Island, S. C., where they were left by the rebels after the late fight on Edisto Island. It was supposed, until within a few days past, that Saupp had been captured by the enemy and was alive in their hands. But the sad truth that he was killed, forces itself upon us at last, and we are called upon to record the sacrifice of another life from among the flower of the youth of our county, offered up to appease the Moloch of civil war. This gallant but ill-fated soldier was but a mere boy, yet within his youthful heart burned the spirit of a brave and patriotic manhood. Upon his heart was graven the sentiment, "*Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.*" May his untimely death be not without its fruits of good to the country for which he gave his life.

The following account of the finding of young Saupp's body, we extract from the correspondence of the N. Y. Herald, of Monday:

During a reconnoissance made by Colonel Fellows and three companies of the Forty-seventh New York regiment, on Thursday last on Johosse Island, the body of private John Saupp, Company K, Fifty-fifth regiment Pennsylvania, killed in the recent skirmish, was discovered and disinterred. It had been carried off by the rebels, who failed to bury it decently, merely covering it with sand, leaving the arms protruding. At his head was a rough pine board, upon which was the following inscription cut with a knife, "Yankee soldier, March 28, 1862." The body was carried within our lines, where it received appropriate and fitting military burial. The funeral cortege passed me upon the road near the Episcopal church, and your readers can only imagine the solemnity and impressiveness of a military funeral in an enemy's country. The coffin of rough pine was borne in a regimental baggage wagon, preceded by a platoon of the deceased's comrades in arms with arms reversed. Two drums tapping in mournful cadence with the platoon that followed gave the solemn pageant an air that one sees but once to remember always. Saupp died regretted by his comrades in arms; and I can only add, after Horace, "*Requiescat in peace.*" This was the first military funeral on the island, and has cast a deep gloom over the entire force.

☞ Maj. Gen. C. F. Smith, one of the commanders at the late battle of Shiloh, died a few days ago, of dysentery, at Savannah, Tenn. Gen. Smith was one of the best officers in the army, and his loss will not be easily supplied. He was a Pennsylvanian by birth, a son of Dr. Samuel B. Smith, of Philadelphia.

☞ Our young friend, Lewis Saupp, of the 55th P. V., returned on a visit to his old home in this place on Tuesday last. He confirms the sad intelligence of the death of his younger brother, John Saupp, in the late fight at Edisto.

☞ Read the letter in another column from Daniel H. Steckman, formerly of this place, and now a member of Ryce's Zouaves, Tybee Island, Ga. It contains a description of the attack upon and capture of Fort Pulaski.

☞ A letter to a friend, gives the following, copied from the head-board of a soldier's grave on Hilton Head Island:

Far away from home and all its pleasures,
Without one friend to drop a tear;
For his country's good he gave those treasures,
And a soldier's grave he finds out here.

☞ John King, of Schellsburg, a private in Capt. Ryce's Company, Power's Zouaves, returned home, from Hilton Head, a few days ago. Young King has suffered greatly from sickness, and, we are sorry to say, has become entirely deaf. He has been honorably discharged from the service.

☞ Broke His Leg.—William Reighard, driving stage between this place and Hollidaysburg, had his leg broken, one day last week, by the upsetting of his coach at or near Black Oak Ridge.

☞ An unknown friend sent us, a short time ago, a copy of the "Miner's Journal," with an article marked for publication. We would have inserted the article with pleasure, had not some evil disposed person carried the paper away from our premises.

Highly Important from New Orleans.

Rebel Report of the Capture of the City by the Union Fleet—The Fleet Pass Fort Jackson—Great Consternation—All the Steamboats and Cotton Destroyed.

Fortress Monroe, April 27,—To the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War.—A fugitive black, just arrived from Portsmouth, brings the Petersburg Express of yesterday, which contains the following despatch:

"Mobile, April 25.—The enemy passed Fort Jackson at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. When the news reached New Orleans the excitement was boundless. Martial law was put in full force, and business was completely suspended. All the cotton and steamboats excepting such as were necessary to transport coin, ammunition, &c., were destroyed.

"At 1 o'clock to-day the telegraph operators bade us good bye, saying that the enemy had appeared before the city. This is the last we know regarding the fall. We will send you the particulars as soon as they can be had."

The negro bringing the above, reports that the rebels have two iron clad steamers nearly completed at Norfolk, and that it is believed that the Merrimac will be out to morrow.

[Signed] JOHN E. WOOL.

Headquarters, Rappahannock, Aqril 27, 1862.

To the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War:—I have just returned from the camp opposite Fredricksburg. I was told that the Richmond Examiner of the 26th had been received in town, announcing as follows:

"New Orleans Taken—Great Destruction of Property, Cotton and Steamboats—Enough Gunboats Saved to carry away the ammunition—Great Consternation of the Inhabitants.

"Irvin McDowell, Maj. Gen."

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

Tybee Island, Georgia, April 15, '62.

Dear Father:

It is with much pleasure that I take my pen in hand to inform you that I am well at present and hope these few lines may find you enjoying the same. I will give a little information about what has been going on within the last few days and about the taking of that great Fort which there has been so much talk about, and to show you that the men that are at the head of the Army know what they are doing if they do be slow (but sure) in their undertaking, The Fort I am speaking of is Fort Pulaski, which commands the mouth of the Savannah river. On April the 5th, the command in the states of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida changed hands. Major General David Hunter takes command and Brig. Gen. T. W. Sherman has left for Washington on the Steamship Atlantic. This afternoon we were suddenly called out for general review and inspection which kept us out with our knapsacks and everything we had, from 3 o'clock until dark, about four hours.——April 6th, being Sunday, we rested.——April 7th, the weather being very nice all the boys got to work with some boards that we carried about a mile after review on Saturday evening, and we raised our tents and fixed ourselves very comfortably, with the expectation of spending the summer on Hilton Head as nearly all the troops had left here and we were doing all the guard duty of the Island and our chance of staying appeared very good, although the duty we were doing was not of much importance and what was of any good the negroes could do as well as lying around and living off the government and doing nothing. They will have to do it now. April 8th, every thing fixed very comfortably and the 76th making themselves content to stay, when about nine o'clock we were surprised at the orders to cook 2 days rations and to be ready to march on the next morning. Everything was got ready; rations cooked, issued out and we were ready to march in the morning.

April 9th, we got up in the morning and took our breakfast and were ready by six o'clock to march, at 7 o'clock we were called in line to leave with our overcoats, and the gum blankets that we were made a present of by the State of Pennsylvania. When we were forming the Reg't, the clouds came up and commenced to pour down rain and rained till we got on the boat which was about one hour. Such rains you hardly ever see at home and may judge we got wet; there was not one dry stitch on us but still the boys were all in good spirits, with hopes of bidding farewell to Hilton Head. At 9 o'clock the boat started for some place unknown to us, at about 10 o'clock it quit raining and the clouds cleared away and the sun began to beam down and we all got on deck so our clothes would dry. At 2 o'clock we came in sight of Fort Pulaski, but there was no flag to be seen; but when they saw us they hoisted the rag to the top of their flagstaff.

We were landed shortly after we got into the harbor. We were brought part of the way in surf boats and waded part of the way and at 4 o'clock we were on Tybee Island, Georgia, and were marched up back of the light-house which the rebels destroyed when they were driven from this Island and back of Martello Tower, and there we stayed all night without any tents, as we had left them behind and had to lie down on 3 blankets and cover ourselves with 3, which kept us very warm.—

10th, we woke up and found ourselves all mixed through one another, and did not know whether we were going any farther or going to stay where we were. At 6 o'clock in the morning Gen. Hunter sent a flag of truce to Fort Pulaski asking them to surrender the fort when the commander of the fort replied that he was sent there to protect the fort, and, not to surrender it; our messenger told him he would have to surrender and he then returned to Tybee Island to let Gen. Hunter know the result. At 7 o'clock and 20 minutes the first shot was fired and every minute or two we would hear a couple of shots and we thought they were trying their guns. At about 10 o'clock the rebel rag fell from the flag-staff and was not hoisted any more that day. There were troops landing all day, some to help work the guns and some to cut off reinforcements, should any attempt to come from the mainland. In the evening after some had made their beds on the ground orders came for us to fall in and the 8th Michigan Reg't also. Our regiment marched through the woods to the rear of the batteries, and the Mich. reg't went in another direction, also to support the batteries in case of an attack on the rear of the batteries. When we got about 3 miles from the Tower we stopped for the night and placed a guard. When about getting asleep we were aroused by some cowardly fellows in our company and company K, but none of them were Bedford co. boys. They were a couple of fellows that we got in Camp Cameron. We had loaded our guns and Co. B, was sent out to reconnoitre, and we lay down again. In the morning Co. B came back, but had not seen anything.—April 11, we got, in the morning, and partook of, some of Uncle Sam's sweet cakes which we do not get very often, as we have had good fresh bread for the last 4 months. We then started back to the Tower and left Co. D, to take care of that point. The firing had been kept up at intervals, all night, and the rebel flag raised in the morning which feel very soon. It was then raised on a short pole, on the fort, so that it could not be struck very easy. A great many of our men and others were out on the beach, looking at the light when the rebels fired one shot and one shell at them, which fell short of their mark, but made them scatter and the Gen. sent a guard down to keep the men back so that they were not exposed.

The batteries were not all opened on the fort the first day, but were this morning (the 11th) and were fired a little stronger than the day before, and at 2 o'clock of the 2d day the rebels struck their colors and run up the white. But the afternoon was so windy and the tide so high that our men could not get to the fort before six o'clock in the evening. Our loss is one man killed and 2 slightly wounded. The rebel loss we cannot find out, some reports say none, others say one hundred; so that we cannot tell nor judge with any certainty. On the 12th our men drew two days rations and cooked them, expecting to go back to Hilton Head Island. The 13th being Sunday and the wind and tide very high and rough, so that we lay still on the ground without any tents as we had not got ours till Sunday evening, and the boys got to work and pitched their tents and some preferred sleep as we had been doing. After the tents were up we had a great looking camp, there being no room, and some places very low and stumpy, so that it was every man for himself in putting up their tents. The companies were all mixed up and officer's quarters among the men's. Before going further I will tell what I saw on Sunday morning. James Duff and I went up the beach as far as we could get on account of a run. We saw all the batteries and Fort Pulaski. The 1st is Battery Stanton; it has three 13 inch mortars; they are about as large as a hogshead. You may think I am stretching it about the mortars, but I will give you as near the size as I can: the hole is 13 inches across and the metal around it is about 22 or 23 inches. The weight of one that I examined was 17,113 lbs. The 2d, is Battery Grant, 3 mortars, 3d Lyon, 3 Columbiads, 4th Lincoln, 3 Columbiads, 5th Burnside, 1 Mortar, 6th Sherman, 3 Mortars, 7th Halleck, 2 Mortars, 8th Scott, 3 Columbiads, 1 Parrott, 9th Siegel, 2 Rifled cannon, 10th McClellan, 4 Rifled cannon, 11th Totten, 3 Columbiads. The last 4 batteries are the nearest the fort; we saw the Fort from the McClellan battery which is not much more than 600 yards from it. The fort has 2 holes in it; one is large enough to drive 4 horses in abreast and the other is nearly as large. The 7th Connecticut reg't and part of the 3d R. I. reg't are in it, and the stars and stripes wave over Fort Pulaski. Before the 1st of May I expect to see the stars and stripes wave over Savannah and Charleston. On the 14th some 4 or 5 of the R. I. men were picking the sand out of a shell in the fort, and it bursted, killing 2 instantly, and 2 died shortly afterwards. One of them had both legs knocked off near the thighs. Our mail is at Hilton Head but we have not got it yet. Nothing more at present, but remain your son,

DANIEL H. STECKMAN.

Great Excitement at Norfolk.

Burnside Advancing.

THE NEW PROW OF THE MERRIMAC.

CITIZENS LEAVING NORFOLK.

The Fall of New Orleans Conceded by the Rebels.

(Special to the New York Times.)

Fortress Monroe, April 27.—It is stated by the contrabands who arrived here with the news of the fall of New Orleans, that the most intense excitement exists around Norfolk, and that the people there were in a great fear of an attack from Gen. Burnside.

All the rebel troops stationed there had gone to South Mills to repel any advance he might make.

Many citizens were leaving Norfolk for a place of refuge.

The fall of New Orleans was conceded by every one.

The contrabands also state that the new prow of the Merrimac, is twelve feet long, and made of wrought iron, steel pointed.

—MARRIED—

DAVIS—ALLISON.—On the 6th inst., at the residence of Daniel Ickes, in St. Clair Tp., by Henry Ickes, Esq., Mr. Israel Davis and Miss Catharine Allison, both of Bedford county, Pa.

MILLER—HINER.—In Schellsburg, on the 24th ult., by John Smith, Esq., Mr. Abraham Miller to Miss Mary Ellen Hiner, all of Napier Tp., Bedford Co.

—DIED—

KURTZ.—On the 15th of April, at her residence in Napier township, Mrs. Henrietta Kurtz, wife of Thomas Kurtz, aged 26 years, 3 months and 6 days.

KURTZ—On the 22d of April, William, son of Thomas and Henrietta Kurtz, aged 4 years 2 months and 1 day.

HOLSINGER.—On Thursday, 24th ult., in St. Clair tp., after a brief illness, Geo. M. Holsinger, aged about 57 years.

DAVIS.—On Thursday, 24th ult., at her residence in St. Clair tp., Mary Davis, relict of John Davis, dec'd., in the 70th year of her age.

REESIDE.—On thursday, the 17th instant, at 6½ o'clock P. M.., at the residence of his father, corner of M and 24th streets, Washington, D. C., John W., second son of J. E. and A. A. Reeside, in the 18th year of his age.

CLAAR.—On the 20th inst, in Bedford Tp., Mrs Eve Claar, aged about 68 years.

FEIGHTER.—In St. Clair township, on the 12th inst., of Typhoid Fever, Catharine, wife of George Feighter, in the 44th year of her age, leaving a husband, six children and numerous friends and acquaintances to mourn their loss; but they mourn not as those without hope. Of the deceased it may be truly said, she was a loving and dutiful wife, affectionate mother, kind neighbor, and patient christian.

ASHCOM.—Departed this life in Bedford, April 24th, Georgianna Ashcom, daughter of George and Sarah Ashcom, being thirteen years and eight months old.

In this afflictive dispensation of Providence, the bereaved parents of the deceased have been called to surrender to God, *the last loved one* of a family of six children. Truly,

"God moves in a mysterious way,
His wonders to perform."

And we would say to the bereaved parents,

"*These loved ones are not lost but gone before.*"

"Judge not the Lord by feeble sense,
But trust him for his grace;
Behind a frowning providence
He hides a smiling face."

"Friend after friend departs,
Who hath not lost a friend?
There is no union here of hearts,
That finds not here an end."

"But there is a world above,
Where parting is unknown;
And faith beholds the dying here,
Translated to that glorious sphere."

Bedford, April 29th. G. S.

Notice.—All persons are hereby cautioned not to take an assignment of four promissory notes given by us to William and Charlotte Lafferty, each dated March 25th, 1862, for $22.50 each, payable in one, two, three and four years after date, as we have received no value for said notes and will not pay them, or any part thereof, unless compelled by law.

JOHN MILLER,
DANIEL SHROYER.

May 2, 1862.

New Advertisements.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Of Bedford Borough, for the year 1861.

H. Nicodemus, Treasurer, in account with the Borough of Bedford, for the year 1861.

DR.

To cash received from Geo. Mardorff, former Treasurer,	$ 19 50
From R. D. Barclay judgment vs. L. Agnew on Common Pleas docket	86 70
From Levi Agnew judgment on docket of H. Nicodemus	18 12
From Levi Agnew judgment on Common Pleas docket	16 00
From R. D. Barclay judgment vs. L. Agnew on Common Pleas docket	2 29
From J. A. Henderson collector for 1860	324 75
" " " for 1861	300 00
From Shires & Jordan for old castings	10 04
	$777 40

CR.

By cash paid George Mardorff salary as Treasurer, &c.,	$20 07
Paid Levi Agnew as water master	62 50
Cleaning reservoir and repairing hydrants	57 75
Wm. Hartley damages and book acc't.	80 74
Wm. Bowles for bill of cement	2 67
Geo. Blymire, spouting and lead pipe	4 70
B. F. Meyers, printing	1 25
J. A. Henderson, salary as High Constable and expense of Bor. election	29 75
J. A. Henderson on bill of Joseph Filler for making culvert	1 25
H. Nicodemus, salary as clerk, stationery, &c.,	24 00
Bill of freight on hydrants	1 73
Milton Spidel, blacksmithing	2 48
" " agent for Abel Smith for lime	62
Wm. Boher, hauling stones & trees	11 50
James Corboy, work on Penn st., &c.,	37 30
Joseph Filler, for work at reservoir,	1 75
Patrick Wall for carting tan	1 50
John Palmer, salary as clerk, stationery, &c.,	22 00
John Palmer, for hydrant stocks	12 25
J. Crouse, finding and planting trees	30 15
John Border, repairing hydrants	15 00
Simon Naus, making engine arm	50
Daniel Border, attending and repairing town clock	85 04
Daniel Border, balance on claim for putting up clock	30 00
J. R. Jordan, hauling dirt on Penn st.	24 44
John Minnich, cleaning reservoir	2 00
Balance due Adam Ferguson, as late Treasurer	29 45
J. Reed, bill for rails & hauling tan	6 68
G. D. Shuck, blacksmithing, &c.,	12 80
Samuel Barnhart, soldering hydrants	11 82
E. L. Anderson, Esq., balance on note held against borough	81 12
T. M. Lynch, for trees	6 00
W. W. Shuck, digging ditch and repairing culvert	15 75
A. J. Sansom, on claim of L. Agnew	7 50
N. Lyons' heirs for plank	4 10
H. Nicodemus, salary as Treasurer	20 00
	$758 16
Balance due Borough	$ 19 24

STATEMENT of Moneys due to Bedford Borough on the 1st day of April, 1862.

Balance due on judgment vs. Levi Agnew et al	$ 99 80
J. A. Henderson's duplicate for 1860	212 43
" " " 1861	567 69
Jacob Smith, for grass cut on reservoir lot	3 50
Aggregate of outstanding moneys due Borough	902 66

The above is subject to exonerations to be made on duplicates of 1860, and 1861.

The undersigned, auditors of the Borough of Bedford, do hereby certify that in pursuance of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, they met at the Court House in said borough, and did audit and adjust the account between H. Nicodemus, Treasurer of the Borough, and said Borough, as contained in the foregoing statement.

Witness our hands and seals, this 24th day of April, 1862.

W. R. KING,
DANIEL BEARD.

Attest—John Palmer, Clerk.

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT THE

BIG PADLOCK.

WILLIAM HARTLRY now offers to the public, the largest, best selected, and most elegant stock of

Hardware and Useful Inventions,

ever brought to Bedford county. His *prices* will suit *nett cash buyers.* He has also added a

Department, to his already elegant stock, and can now furnish Cooking Stoves, with all the late improvements, unsurpassed for beauty and excellence, WARRANTED in every respect, and as cheap as the cheapest. Those desiring to purchase an extra heavy plated Cook Stove, that will last a life time, and never *cave in*, or fail to bake "whilst the dough lasts," should give Hartley a call.

Behind, Iron Pots, Tea Kettles, Waffle Irons, Griddles, Fruit Cans, &c., &c., always on hand.

The celebrated "Self-adjusting Clothes Wringer," may be seen in operation at Hartley's, for the sale of which he has secured the *exclusive* right. No use talking about it—go and see it, ladies!

FAIRBANKS' PATENT SCALES!

Merchants, Farmers and Millers can buy these from Hartley at Manufacturers' prices, *delivered in Bedford*, as he has the agency, and by buying from him you can *save freight.*

Farmers can be accommodated with all the best inventions in *Farm Machinery*, such as Grain Drills, Cider Mills, Chop Mills, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Hay, Straw and Corn Stalk Cutters, Ploughs, Grain Fans, Apple Parers, Churns, Grind Stones, and any thing else in his line. Remember all goods

WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

Every body pleased, and satisfaction guaranteed to all reasonable men. Hartley will not allow any regular dealer to undersell him, and will always endeador to furnish the very best articles in his line for the money.

Terms—Cash, or Produce, unless as a *special favor* to *reliable and prompt paying customers*, but in no case will a longer credit be given than 6 months.

Bedford, May 2, 1862.

MME. DEMOREST'S

QUARTERLY MIRROR OF FASHIONS.

GREAT IMPROVEMENTS,

THE SUMMER NUMBER WILL CONTAIN

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION PLATES,

THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS,

Comprising the

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, etc., & Valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published at 473 Broadway, and sold everywhere at 25 cts., or sent by mail post free, on receipt of the amount, Yearly, $1, with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to the selection of 50 cts. worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the Year, by paying the postage.

Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

SUMMER NUMBER WILL BE READY ON OR ABOUT THE FIRST OF MAY.

A LIST OF VENDERS OF FOREIGN & Domestic Merchandise in the county of Bedford, for the year 1862, as appraised and classified by the Appraiser of Mercantile taxes.

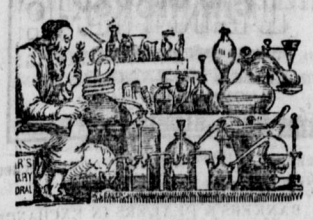
Bedford Borough.		*Class.*	*Dol. Cts.*
A. B. Carn	Store	13	10 00
A. B. Cramer & Co.	"	13	10 00
N. Lyons & Sons	"	14	7 00
Peter A. Reed	"	14	7 00
Miss Margaret Fetterly	"	14	7 00
S. & W. W. Shuck	"	14	7 00
Robert Fyan	"	14	7 00
J. M. Shoemaker	"	14	7 00
Mrs. S. E. Sigafoos	"	14	7 00
Isaac Lippel	"	14	7 00
John Arnold	Hardware	14	7 00
Wm. Hartley	"	14	7 00
George Blymire	"	14	7 00
Dr. B. F. Harry	Drugs	14	7 00
H. C. Reamer	"	14	7 00
A. L. Defibaugh	"	14	7 00
James B. Farquhar	"	14	7 00
Jacob Bollinger,	Confectionery	8	5 00
John J. Luther	"	8	5 00
John Hafer,	Ten Pin Alley		7 50
Do.	Billiard Table		7 50
John G. Minnich,	Eating house		10 00
J. N. Munshower	" "		10 00
John Alsip & Son,	Shoe Store	14	7 00
Reed, Rupp & Schell,	Bankers		10 00
Bedford Township,			
John S. Ritchey,	Distillery	6	15 00
Bedford Mineral Spring Co.	Ten Pins		7 50
Do. do. do.	Billiards		7 50
Broad Top Township,			
Eichelberger & Lowry		14	7 00
John Foster,	Eating house		10 00
Do.	Ten Pins		7 50
John Dell,	Liquor,	14	25 00
Cumberland Valley Township,			
Jacob Anderson,	Store	14	7 00
Daniel R. Anderson	"	14	7 00
John May	"	14	7 00
Jonathan Dicken	"	14	7 00
Colerain Township,			
A. C. James		14	7 00
James & Barnhart		14	7 00
Hopewell Township,			
Eichelberger, Lowry & Co.		14	7 00
Liberty Township,			
Jacob Fockler		14	7 00
Lewis Putt		14	7 00
Harrison Township,			
Valentine B. Wertz		14	7 00
George R. Bailey		14	7 00
Monroe Township,			
James R. O'Neal		14	7 00
Daniel Fletcher		14	7 00
Simon Shafer		14	7 00
Juniata Township,			
George Gardill		14	7 00
Lewis N. Fyan,	Store	14	7 00
Wm. Keyser	"	14	7 00
Hillegass & Co.	"	14	7 00
Frederick Hildebrand	"	14	7 00
Lewis N. Fyan,	Distillery		15 00
John Hillegass	"		15 00
St. Clair Township,			
G. D. Trout		14	7 00
Simon Hershman		14	7 00
F. D. Beegle		14	7 00
Miss Ann C. Smith		14	7 00
Nathan Wright		14	7 00
George B. Amick		14	7 00
George Hinsling		14	7 00
Isaiah Blackburn		14	7 00
Horn & Brother		14	7 00
Peter Hillegass,	Distillery		15 00
Schellsburg Borough,			
John Smith,	Hardware	14	7 00
John S. Schell,	Store	14	7 00
E. Statler & Son		14	7 00
Jacob W. Miller		14	7 00
Duncan McVicker,	Stoves	14	7 00
John E. Colvin,	Store	14	7 00
Napier Township,			
John Wayde		14	7 00
George W. Blackburn		14	7 00
Middle Woodberry Tp.			
H. M. Neal	Store	14	7 00
Andrew Baker	"	14	7 00
George R. Barndollar	"	14	7 00
A. L. Beekhœffer	"	14	7 00
Henry Zook	"	14	7 00
S. Longanecker & Co.	"	8	5 00
Fishack & Reed	"	8	5 00
South Woodberry Tp.			
David F. Buck	"	14	7 00
Daniel M. Bare	"	14	7 00
Samuel Oster	"	14	7 00
Jacob Kauffman	"	14	7 00
Robert Ralston	"	8	5 00
East Providence Tp.			
D. A. T. Black	"	14	7 00
John Nycum & Son	"	14	7 00
John Lauderbaugh	"	14	7 00
West Providence Tp.			
J. M. Barndollar & Son	"	14	7 00
J. B. Williams	"	14	7 00
Wm. States & Co.	"	14	7 00
David Broad,	Eating house		10 00
Charles T. Blake	"		10 00
Eli Ramsey,	Drugs	14	7 00
John C. Black,	Confectionery	8	5 00
Union Township.			
Samuel Burket,	Distillery		15 00

Notice is hereby given that an Appeal will be held at the Court House, in Bedford, on the 3d day of May, 1862.

LEVI AGNEW,
Mercantile Appraiser.

April 25, 1862.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.



NOT a few of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none have been found which could equal in effect AYER'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Its extraordinary virtues are not yet widely known, but when they are it will no longer be a question what remedy to employ in the great variety of afflicting diseases that require alterative remedy. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit certificates to show its effects. But the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken. Sufferers from Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, try it and see the rapidity with which it cures. *Skin Diseases, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Eruptions, &c.*, are soon cleaned out of the system.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, &c., should not be borne while they can be so speedily cured by AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

Syphilis or Venereal Disease is expelled from the system by the prolonged use of this *Sarsaparilla*, and the patient is left as healthy as if he had never had the disease.

Female Diseases are caused by Scrofula in the blood, and are generally soon cured by this *Extract of Sarsaparilla*. Price $1 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.

For all the purposes of a family physic, take AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, which are every where known to be the best purgative that is offered to the American People. Price 25 cts., per box, or 5 boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, & Co., Lowell, Mass. and sold by all Druggists everywhere.

—:o:o:—

Ayer's Compound Extract Sarsaparilla.

NO one remedy is more needed in this country than a reliable *Alterative*, but the sick have been so outrageously cheated by the worthless preparations of Sarsaparilla abroad that they are disgusted even with the name. Yet the drug cannot be blamed for the impositions from which they have suffered. Most of the so-called Sarsaparillas in the market contain little of the virtues of Sarsaparilla or any thing else. They are mere slops—inert and worthless, while a concentrated extract of the active variety of Sarsaparilla compounded with Dock, Stillingia, Iodine, etc., is, as it ever will be, a powerful alterative and an effectual remedy. Such is Ayer's Extract of Sarsaparilla, as its truly wonderful cures of the great variety of complaints which require an alterative medicine have abundantly shown. Do not, therefore, discard this invaluable medicine, because you have been imposed upon by something pretending to be Sarsaparilla, while it was not. When you have used AYER'S—then, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparilla. For minute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer you to Ayer's American Almanac, which the agent below named will furnish gratis to all who call for it.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS, for the cure of *Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Heartburn arising from Disordered Stomach, Pain, or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill.*

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best Aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic. Price 25 cents per box; Five boxes for $1.00.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by Dr. B. F. HARRY, Bedford.

TAX-PAYERS, LOOK OUT!!!

Notice is hereby given to all in the Borough of Bedford, who have not paid their School tax for 1861, that if the same is not immediately paid, they will be proceeded against according to law. Longer indulgence cannot be given.

JOHN PALMER,
May 2, 1862.—3t. *Collector.*

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Frazey, late of E. Providence township, Bedford co., deceased, having been granted the subscribers, notice is hereby given to all indebted to said estate, to make settlement before the first day of August next, and those having claims against said estate, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL FRAZEY,
E. Prov. tp., Bedford co.,
JOHN HANKS,
Brush Creek tp., Fulton co.,
May 2d—6ts. Ex'ors.

NOTICE TO SPORTSMEN.

All persons are hereby notified not to hunt or fish on my premises without my leave, or throw down fences or bars in my fields or destroy timber in my woods, as I am determined to enforce the law against all who may thus trespass upon my property.

GEO. W. GUMP.
Napier tp., May 2d. '62.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the Estate of John Corl, of Union Township, Bedford County, dec'd, having been this day granted to the subscriber, residing in said township, notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims are required to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

GEO. W. CORL,
April 25th.—6 ts. Administrator.

NEW MILLINERY GOODS.

E. V. MOWRY, Has just returned from Philadelphia with a new and beautiful assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS,

of the latest style. *BONNETS* of every description, varying in price from 50 cents up; and Bonnets trimmed ready for wearing for $2,00 and upward.

Hats of all styles for infants, Children and Young Ladies.

Dress Caps for Ladies,

SHAKERS, RIBBONS, RUCHES & FLOWERS in abundance. All very cheap for Cash.

May 2, 1862.

NOTICE.—

All persons will please take notice that I will hereafter enforce the law against any one who may trespass in any way upon my property, whilst engaged in fishing. There is no objection to persons fishing on my premises, but I cannot allow them at the same time, wantonly to destroy plank, boards, or other property which they may see fit to make use of in carrying on their sport.

JOHN G. HARTLEY.
April 25th, 1862.

WM. M. HALL. JOHN PALMER.

HALL & PALMER,

Have formed a partnership in the practice of the law and will attend promptly to any business entrusted to them.

Office on Juliana Street, opposite to Mengel's Hotel, where one or the other may at all times be found.

April 18th, 1862.

$25!] EMPLOYMENT [$75;

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address ERIE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.

Aug. 23, '61.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS at Blymire and Son's. [March 28th 1862.

TURPENTINE, LINSEED OIL, and OILS and PAINTS IN GENERAL, for sale at Blymire and Son's. [March 28th 1862.

BASKETS, BROOMS, TUBS, CHURNS, WILLOW and WOODEN WARE of every description, to be had cheap at Blymire and Sons. [March 28th 1862.

BRUSHES, a large assortment, at Blymire and Son's. [March 28th 1862.

SADDLERY & SHOE FINDINGS, a good stock at Blymire and Son's. March 28th 1862.

LAMPS, LAMP CHIMNEYS, COAL OIL, the first in great variety, and the last of excellent quality, at Blymire and Son s.

March 28th 1862

NOTICE.

The undersigned will apply to the Hon. Thomas E. Cochran, Auditor General of Penn'a, at his Office in Harrisburg, on Thursday, the 1st. day of May, 1862, for a duplicate Warrant to replace the original warrant which, mailed at Harrisburg, never came to hand; said original Warrant was issued in favor of Jacob Snider, for subsistence of Volunteers, dated 17th Dec'r. 1861, No 1718, for $153.57.

WM. M. HALL,
Att'y. for Jacob Snider.

April 11th.—3ts.

NOTICE.—

The following named persons have filed their petitions and will make application to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the County of Bedford, to be held on the 1st Monday (5th day of May next) for Tavern License.

John Hafer,	Bedford Borough
Valentine Steckman,	" "
Isaac Mengel Jr.,	" "
Sarah Filler,	" "
Joseph Alsip,	" "
John A. Gump.	Bloody Run Borough.
James S. Beckwith,	Broad Top Township
John B. Castner,	" "
Elizabeth Haney,	Cumberland Valley tp,
Thomas M. Ritchey,	Hopewell tp.,
Martin Feightner,	Harrison tp.,
Valentine V. Wertz,	"
Joseph Foller,	Juniata tp.,
Frederick Hildebrand,	" "
Henry Keyser,	" "
Catharine Tricker,	Liberty tp.,
John Rohm,	" "
John Besserer,	" "
Jonathan Feightner,	Londondery tp.,
Charles Bash,	" "
D. A. T. Black,	East Providence tp.,
George Magraw,	" "
Samuel R. Bottomfield,	West Brovidence tp.,
Peter Amich,	St. Clair tp.,
Nathan & Rebecca Davis,	" "
Bernard Oneal,	Southampton tp.,
Joseph Mortimore,	Snake Spring "
A. J. Pennell,	Ramsburg Borough
David Stuckey Jr.,	" "
Geo. M. Colvin,	Schellsburg Borough
John M. Robison,	" "
Johnson Hafer,	" "
Thomas C. Reighart,	Union tp.,
Henry Fluck	Middle Woodberry tp.,
William M. Pearson,	" " "
Abraham W. Mowry,	South Woodberry tp.,
John May,	Cumberland Valley.
Samuel Mixell,	Monroe township.
John A. Snively,	Schellsburg Borough.

S. H. TATE,
Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Bedford,
March 28, 1862.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP R. R.

Trains leave Huntingdon at 7. 30, A. M. (after arrival of morning train West on Penn'a R. R.) arriving at Hopewell at 10 15 A. M.

Trains leave Hopewell at 10. 35, A. M., arriving at Huntingdon at 1.10, P. M., connecting at 1.34, P. M., with trains East and West on Penn'a R. R. There is no delay at Huntingdon—close connection East and West. JNO. J. LAWRENCE,
Feb. 7-2m. Sup't.

LIST of Causes put down for trial at May Term (5th day) 1862.

1.	J. C. McLanahan et al	vs A. J. Snively, Esq.,
2.	Robert Harris,	" Thomas Haney, et al
3.	D. F. Beegle,	" F. D. Beegle,
4.	Joseph Creswell,	" Henry Fisher, et al
5.	Daniel L. Martin,	" John Bowser.
6.	David Steel,	" School. Directors of Hopewell township.
7.	Henry Smith, et al	" Reuben Smith,
8.	Joseph Filler,	" Poor Directors,
9.	J. H. P. Adams,	" William Adams,
10.	Thos. W. Mulnix,	" John Little,
11.	E. H. Lytle et al	" John Bowser, et al
12.	George Gardill,	" Nathan Hurley,
13.	John Long,	" John J. Cessna, et al
14.	S. J. Way,	" Dr. F. C. Reamer,
15.	Margaret Nixon,	" Alexander Davis,
16.	David Heck,	" Peter Freytet,
17.	Silas H. Sparks,	" Wm. Dibert, et al

S. H. TATE,
Proth'y

Prothonotary's Office,
Bedford April 11, 62.

BLANK PROMISSORY and Judgment Notes, Blank Deeds, of a superior quality, and all kinds of Justices' Blanks, for sale at this office.

SHERIFF'S SALE—

By virtue of a Testatum Writ of Venditioni Exponas from the City and County of Philadelphia to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 3d day of May, next, at 10 o'clock A. M. all the following described tracts, parts and parcels of land, situate in the townships of Hopewell and Broad Top, in the county of Bedford and state of Pennsylvania, as follows:

All that certain tract of land situate in Broad Top township aforesaid, warranted in the name of William Lane the 16th day of March, Eighteen Hundred and Two, containing one hundred and ten acres and allowance.

ALSO, one other tract situate in the township aforesaid, adjoining William Lane's tract, warranted in the name of Thomas Davis the 26th of February, 1803, containing 336 acres and 133 perches and allowance. On this tract are 15 dwelling houses. 1 foundery. a machine shop, 1 saw mill, 1 colliery, 1 blacksmith shop, and other out-buildings.

ALSO, One other tract situate on both sides of Yellow Creek, including the mouth thereof in Hopewell township, county aforesaid, with a grist mill thereon erected, warranted in the name of James Piper, containing about one hundred and nineteen acres. On this tract there are, also, 5 houses, one barn, and 30 acres are cleared and under fence.

ALSO, A certain tract of land situate in Broad Top township and county aforesaid, adjoining Thomas Davis tract, warranted in the name of John Chevington, the first day of April, 1792. containing 83 acres and one quarter of an acre and allowance. The improvements on this tract consists of a dwelling house with five acres of ground cleared and under fence.

ALSO, One other tract situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining the above tract, warranted in the name of Joseph Williams the 16th day of March, 1802, containing 438 acres and 40 perches.

ALSO, One other tract situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining the last mentioned tract, warranted in the name of William Lane the 12th day of August, 1829, containing 168 acres and allowance.

ALSO, One other tract situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining the last mentioned tract, warranted in the name of Joseph Williams, the 14th day of March, 1807, containing eight acres and 144 perches.

ALSO, One other tract situate in township & county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Isaac Grove, Joseph Williams and others, warranted in the name of Mordecai Williams, the 14th day of August, 1790, containing 140 acres and 73 perches and allowance. On this tract there is erected a dwelling house, and about five acres of ground are cleared.

ALSO, One other tract situate in the township and county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Isaac Grove and others, warranted in the name of Michael Sipes 1793, containing about 100 acres more or less. (The above mentioned tracts of land being on the East side of the Raystown branch of the Juniata river, and containing about 1,300 acres, be the same more or less.)

ALSO, One other tract of land situate on the West side of the Raystown Branch, in Hopewell township, and county aforesaid, opposite Hopewell Iron Works. warranted in the name of Frederick Swartz. dated the second day of December, 1786, containing ninety-one acres and allowance,

ALSO, All those eleven several contiguous tracts of land, situate on Yellow Creek, Hopewell township, and county aforesaid, comprising a seat for water works, on Yellow Creek, aforesaid, and an ore bank on the river mountain, composed of several warrants, and containing as follows: That of Hannah Montgomery, containing 494 acres and 120 perches. That of Robert Montgomery, containing about 230 acres. That of Richard Moans, containing 429 acres and 120 perches. That of Stephen Kerr containing 400 acres and 80 perches. That of J. Hunter containg 143 acres. That of D. Espy containing about 30 acres. That of William Lane containing 134 acres 4 perches. That of William Lane, late Abel Griffith, containing about 120 acres. That of Frederick Swartz containing 158 acres. That of William Forrester containing about 100 acres, and that of George Heinish containing about 60 acres.

Together with all the right, title and interest accuring, or that may accure to them under deed of William Lane to Jonathan Leslie, dated the 19th day of November, A. D. 1830. Also, all their right, title and interest to a certain parcel of land in Hopewell township, Bedford county, containing 25 acres more or less, which Millikens and Benedict purchased by articles of agreement, dated the 4th day of March, 1837, from Jacob Tench, more fully described in agreement with Stephen Weimer, dated the 4th day of March, 1840, And also, to all ore, ore mines, ore leave rights, and other mineral rights, under the said articles of agreement above mentioned, and together with the water power of the Raystown Branch.

The said Several Tracts of Land above mentioned containing in all about Three Thousand Three Hundred and Sixty-four acres and 141 perches. [Which several tracts and parcels of land and premises herein before mentioned and described, Alfred S. Gillett and Martha T. his wife, and others, by indenture dated the 22d day of January, A. D. 1856, and recorded in office for recording of deeds, &c., in and for Bedford county, in record book "A. D." page 123. &c., granted and conveyed inter alia unto the said "The Hopewell Coal and Iron Company," their successors and assigns forever.]

ALSO, All that certain tract, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the said township of Broad Top, on the banks of the Raystown branch of the Juniata, adjoining lands surveyed in the name of Montgomery, and other lands of the said party of the second part, containing 20 acres and 68 perches and allowance, &c., being the same tract of land which Henry V. Clause. of Broad Top township, in the county of Bedford, Pa., and Barbara his wife, by indenture dated the 6th day of August, 1856, and recorded in the office for recording deeds, &c., in Bedford county, in record book "A. E." page 34, the 19th day of August, A. D. 1856, granted and conveyed to the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company, their successors and assigns. The improvements on this tract consist of one house and stable, about 20 acres are cleared and under fence,

Taken in execution as the property of the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office Bedford, April 11, '62. Sheriff.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—

The undesigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' court of Bedford county, to distribute the balance in the hands of John Nycum, Administrator of the estate of William Nycum, late of Monroe township in said county, deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Mann & Spang, in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday the 31st day of March, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested can attend.

G. H. SPANG,
March 14, '62. *Auditor.*

BRIGADE NOTICE.

THE St. Clairsville Greys will meet at the town of St. Clairsville, on Monday, the 12th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for General Inspection. A full attendance is required.

A. J. SANSOM,
Brigade Inspector, 16th Div. P. M.
April 18th, 1862.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. Vend. Exponas and Levari Facias to me directed, there wilibe sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 3rd day of May, 1862, at 10 o'clock, A. M. the following decribed Real Estate, to wit:

Two lots of ground fronting about 66 feet each on the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike and extending back 180 feet, to an alley, adjoining lots of John Diltz, on the South, and lot of widow Baker on the North, with a two story frame dwelling house, log stable, frame shop, and other out buildings thereon erected.

ALSO—One lot of ground fronting about 66 feet on the the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike, and extending back about 180 feet to an alley, adjoining the Luthrian parsonage on the South, and lot of Michael F. Stack, on the North, with two frame dwelling houses and log stable thereon erected.

ALSO—Two lots of ground fronting about 60 feet each on the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike, and extending back about 180 feet, to an alley, adjoining lots of Jonathan Heltzell on the South, and lot of Samuel R. Hair on the North.

ALSO—Three lots of ground fronting about 60 feet, each, on the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike, and extending back about 180 feet to an alley, adjoining lots of Jacob G. Herbst on the South, and lot of Josiah T. Barclay on the North.

ALSO—One lot of ground fronting about 60 feet on the Pattonsville and Woodberry Turnpike and extending back 180 feet to an alley adjoining lots of Abraham Bulger on the South, and lot of David Bulger on the North.

ALSO—One other lot or part of a lot, adjoining lands of George R. Barndoller on the North, South and West, and an alley on the east.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 30 acres more or less, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Rudolph Hoover, Peter Stern, Philip S. Croft and others, all situated in Middle Woodberry Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Patrick Burns.

ALSO—One tract of land containing two hundred and fifty-nine acres, more or less, about twenty-five acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling house, and small log stable thereon erected adjoining lands of William Brallier, Joseph W. Tate, Esq. and others, situated in Hopewell Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of George Swartz.

ALSO—One tract of land containing one hundred and seventy-six acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a log dwelling House and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Robison, John Robison, Fredrick Mills and others, situated in Monroe Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Barnet and William Ford.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence with a two story rough cast dwelling house spring house, and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of James O'Neal, Elias Clark and others, situated in West Providence Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Christian Stoner.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 50 acres more or less, about 25 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and half log dwelling house and small log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of David Foor, John Nycom and others, situated in East Providence Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Weight.

ALSO—All the right, title, interest and claim of the Defendant, John Cypher, in and to one tract of land containing 140 acres, more or less, about 90 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story stone dwelling house, with stone back building attached, store House, tenant House, log stable, double log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of David Cypher, Jacob Cypher and others, situated in Liberty Township Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John Cypher.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 251 acres more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story dwelling house with kitchen attached, tenant house, Grist Mill, double log barn and other out buildings thereon erected, also a small apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Wesley Perdew, Bernard O'Neal and others, situated in Southampton Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of William Adams.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 190 acres more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story frame dwelling house, frame bank barn, and other out buildings thereon erected, also an apple and peach orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Adam Otto, Joseph Blackburn, Wm. Border and others, situated in Napier Township, Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of Jesse Blackburn.

ALSO—One tract of land containing 150 acres, more or less, about 75 acres cleared and under fence, with a double log dwelling house, double log barn and saw mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of Michael Earnest, John H. Rush and others situated in Bedford Township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of John Earnest.

ALSO—All the interest of the Defendant John M'Canlas, in and to the undivided three-eights of a tract of land surveyed on warrant in the name of Francis Moans, adjoining lands of R. B. Wigton, A. W. Evans and others, containing one hundred and seventy three acres more or less, being the same tract which was conveyed to Hezekiah Easton and others by A. W. Evans and wife, by deed recorded in Bedford County in Book A. B. page 154,

ALSO—The undivided one third part of a tract of land containing 205½ acres more or less, of which about 100 acres are cleared and under fence, and having thereon erected two dwelling houses and two barns (being the same tract conveyed to Hezekiah Easton and others by Wm. Anderson see deed Book AA, page 349.—) adjoining lands of Asa Duvall and others

ALSO—The undivided one-fourth part of a tract of land containing ninety seven acres more or less of which about 10 acres are cleared adjoining lands of late of John Lear, James Figarts heirs and others, being the same land conveyed to Hezekiah Easton and others by Septimus Foster and Wife, by deed dated March 16, 1857.

ALSO—The undivided fourth part of a tract of land, containing 130 acres and 39 perches more or less, of which about 30 acres are cleared and under fence, adjoining lands of Asa Duvall, lands late of John Lear and others conveyed to Hezekiah Easton and others by Ephraim Foster, administrator of Richard Foster, dec'd., by deed dated June 14th 1855.—all situated in Broad Top Township Bedford County and taken in execution as the property of John M'Canles.

ALSO—One tract of land containing ten acres more or less, about one acre cleared and under fence, with a dwelling house and frame store house thereon erected, adjoining lands of Asa Duvall, Richard L. Foster and others, all situated in Broad Top Township, Bedford County.

ALSO—One tract of unimproved land containing 10 acres more or less, adjoining lands of William T. Daugherty, Alex. King and others, surveyed on warrant in name of A. W. Evans, situated in said Township and County, and taken in execution as the property of A. W. Evans.

ALSO, All the defendant's interest in and to one tract of land containing 300 acres more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half frame house, and story and a half log house, log barn and other out buildings thereon erected. Also two apple orchards thereon, adjoining lands of Joseph Gates, George Wishart, John Smith, Nathan P. Horton and others, situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Henry Gates.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, April 11th, 1862. Sheriff.

NOTICE.

The stock holders of the Bedford Hall Association, are hereby notified that an Election for Trustees of said Association, will be held at the Hall, on Monday, the 5th day of May, next between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, and that Wm. T. Chapman, Wm. Hartley and Wm. W. Shue 1 have been appointed to hold said election.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

T. R. GETTYS,
Sec'y. pro. tem.
April 11th 1862.

TREASURER'S SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS.

Agreeably to the provisions of an Act of Assembly directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes, and for other purposes, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, and the supplement thereto, passed the 13th day of March, 1817, and 25th March, 1831, and the 9th day of March, 1847, the Treasurer of the county of Bedford, hereby gives notice to all concerned therein, that unless the County, State, School and Road Taxes due on the following tracts of unseated lands, situate in Bedford county, are paid before the day of sale, the whole, or such part of each tract, as will pay the taxes, and the costs chargeable thereon, will be sold at the Court House in the borough of Bedford, county of Bedford, on the second Monday of June next, for the arrearages of taxes due, and the cost accrued thereon, and the sale will be continued from day to day until all are disposed of,

A. J. SANSOM, *Treasurer.*

—:o:o:—

BROAD TOP TOWNSHIP.

No. Acres.	Warrantee or Owner.	Dol.	Cts.
339	Stephens & Co. in right of Shreeves	18	64
289	Ephraim Foster & W. P. Schell	23	34
5	Aaron Evans		73
60	William Figard	8	16
100	Dunlap & Evans	20	19
25	John Figard		58
209	James Patton	1	50
	Bedford Township.		
412½	Daniel Hinkline	2	72
349	John Tinman	1	92
95	Thomas J. Bonnet		172
	Colerain Township.		
111	Andrew Kyhock		64
90	Joseph & Emanuel Diehl		84
12	John Lutz		44
427	Arthur Brown	1	28
	Cumberland Valley Township.		
397½	John Sample (now J. W. Jones)	7	14
400	Dr. James Smith	11	88
	Harrison Township.		
900	William Lyon	5	55
75	Andrew V. Miller	1	92
	Juniata Township.		
30	Nicholas Knouf		12
	Hopewell Township.		
413	John Kerr	7	12
213	Joseph Lancaster		60
397	James Mellnay	66	00
	Puterbaugh Heirs		28
	Londonderry Township.		
395	Daniel Greer	1	20
398½	William King		60
406½	John Phillipi		60
	Liberty Township.		
200	Mary Gordon	8	40
200	James Gordon	3	21
400	Thomas Jones	8	40
165	Edward Langley	3	01
200	Jacob Miller	4	21
200	Elizabeth Miller	3	16
200	Mary Piper	2	10
200	Amelia Piper	8	40
400	Edward Stone	1	56
400	John Tomm	7	01
200	John Razor	1	60
150	Stephen Kerr	2	34
90	Manor Tract	7	60
200	Mulligan & Benedict	4	21
40	Peter Bowser	1	46
½ lot	Luke Feeny	1	31
8 lots	Gen. Wm. H. Irvine	4	31
1 lot	G. D. Trout		85
200	Francis Moans	6	77
5	George Thompson		27
403	Alexander Montgomery	6	42
	Providence East Tp.		
402 a 46 p	Hezekiah Logan	1	20
403	Charles Evans	1	20
403 a 51 p	Isaac Richards	2	40
402 a 62 p	Charles Logan	1	20
400 a 75 p	John Cavan	1	20
401 a 41 p	James Cavan	1	20
400	Isaac Cavan	1	20
394 a 58 p	Thomas Logan	1	20
400	Thomas Hamilton	1	10
400	Susanah Thompson	1	10
	Providence West.		
15	Joseph McDaniel		36
120	Daniel Ritchey of Isaac		48
	St. Clair Township		
4 lots	Jacob Inks Heirs		48
204	David McRobert	2	40
62	Henry Koontz	1	00
51	Aaron Grove		80
300	William Sill	1	67
	Snake Spring Township		
115	Saml. Wilds		
	Southampton Township.		
200	James Riggs	1	20
439	Paul Ward	1	32
357	Patrick Ward	1	08
331	Joseph Ward	1	04
353	Johnathan Ward	1	04
343½	Jesse Reed	2	08
	Union Township.		
400	John Swaggart	3	64
400	Leonard Swaggart	3	64
266	Alexander Gardener	2	04
116	Dr. William Smith	1	44
43	Samuel Burket		88
116	John Shee		8
100	James Johnston		
50	Frederick Snyder		44
274	Jeremiah Jackson	2	82
130	Jacob Swaggart	1	48
440	William Pearson	3	96
380	Ebenezer Branham	3	96
420	Conrad Imler	1	06
200	Christly Bowser	2	30
100	George Lait		88
100	Jacob Burket		88
150	Peter Shoenberger	1	32
123	John Stine	3	64
100	Widow Snyder	3	38
200	Michael Shimer	2	90
60	Brumbaugh & Co.	1	22
133	Hugh Porter	1	10
339	Griffith Evans	3	90
403½	Philip Stine	3	64
330	Wilson Hunt	3	96
363½	Alexander Scott	3	94
127	Dr. P. Shoenberger	3	16
124	do do	3	68
20	do do		24
60	Bowser Warriors Ridge	1	76
90	Dr. P. Shoenberger	1	44
200	Langham Warriors Ridge	2	51
150	Bowser Brush Mt.	1	66
40	Peter Shimer Brush Mt.		
	South Woodberry Township.		
135	Peter Shoenberger	3	60
19	William Fluck		12
19	Flucks Heirs		24
210	John Boyd		60
213	William Davis		62
75	Israel Moans		60
140	Zachariah Moans		56
50	Timothy Moans	3	00
83	Hannah Montgomery	1	80
268	Peter Shoenberger	3	20
222	Elizabeth Piper	1	29
	Middle Woodberry Township		
379	Daniel Montgomery	15	60
290	Hugh Moore	62	01
411½	John McKissick (or Wm Hannam)	29	70
389	Nathan Schofield	37	00
401½	William Montgomery	18	53
173	Mellnay	3	98
50	G. Replogle	5	76
395	Abner Webb	16	68
100	Heffleys Heirs	24	00
335½	Caleb Hannan	32	28
330	William Worthington	15	61
65	—— Hart	9	23
180	Daniel Montgomery	4	40
100	Madara & Shoenberger	5	60
1 lot	No 72 Jacob Strock		42
1 do	do 74 do do	1	06
170	Margaret Croft	1	88
62	John McFadden	9	56
20	Frederick Nicodemus		82
40	—— Stonerook	7	46
403	Wm. Montgomery	12	50
150	Robert Montgomery	4	28
20	Rinehart Replogle	1	66
50	RobertMontgomery	1	58

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. JAMES NILL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Fulton, Bedford and Somerset, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and JOHN TAYLOR and JAMES BURNS, Jr. Esqs., Judges of the same Court in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the second Monday of May, (being the 5th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 11th of April, in the year of our Lord, 1862.

JOHN J. CESSNA,
Sheriff's Office, Bedford, April 11, 1862. *Sheriff.*

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscribers on the estate of Daniel Sleighter late of Monroe township deceased, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SOLOMON FEIGHT,
NICHOLAS SLEIGHTER,
March 14, '62. *Administrators.*

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY,

RAINSBURG, Bedford Co., Pa.

CHAS. H. GERE A. B., Principal,

Miss S. J. BRIM, Preceptress.

Miss A. L. BRIM, Teacher on Piano Forte.

This institution, under the supervision of the above named persons, assisted by other competent Teachers, affords a full course in Mathematics, Natural Sciences, Languages, and Belles Lettres. In Music, Painting, &c., it gives extended instruction. The Spring Term will commence on April 7. 1862. Students admitted at any time. Habits of health, System, and promptness, views, moral, social, and domestic, are here made prominent objects of tuition. That the physical powers, as well as the mental, may be cultivated—Calisthenic exercises are necessary—here the Students meet each day for systematic physical exercise.

$22.50 Will pay for board, including furnished rooms, room rent, fuel and tuition in common English, per term of eleven weeks. Extras, at moderate charges, even less than heretofore, or than the circular calls for.

Students prepared for the highest class in college.

For Circulars, or particulars, address

CHAS. H. GERE, A. B.,
Dec. 21, 1861. Rainsburg, Bedford Co., Pa.

ESTATE OF JOHN SHREVE, DEC'D.

Notice is hereby given, that letters testamentary on the estate of John Shreve, late of Monroe township, Bedford county, dec'd., have been granted to the subscriber, residing in the Borough of Bedford, in said county. All persons in any way indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against it are desired to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

S. L. RUSSELL,
Ex'r. of the last will, &c. of John Shreve, dec'd.
Feb. 28, 1862.

REGISTERS NOTICE.—

All persons interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants have filed their accounts, in the Registers Office of Bedford County; and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court in and for said County on Tuesday, the 6th day of May next, at the Court House, in Bedford for confirmation.

1. The account of George Wolford, administrator of the Estate of Henry Wolford, late of Londonderry Township, deceased.

2. The account of Lewis A. Turner, Guardian of Andrew J. Turner, deceased.

3. The account of Shadrach Hinton, administrator of Elizabeth Hinton, late of Napier Township, deceased.

4. The account of John Berkheimer, Guardian of Josiah Oster, one of the children of Elizabeth Oster, late of St. Clair Township, deceased.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH,

A SURE REMEDY FOR A

BAD BREATH,
SORE MOUTHS,
CANKER,
DISEASED BLEEDING GUMS,
NURSING SORE MOUTH,

And the best specific now in use for *any* diseased condition of the mouth. It is particularly beneficial to persons wearing

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

completely destroying every taint of the mouth, absorbing and removing all impurities, insuring

A SWEET BREATH

to all who make use of it. No YOUNG LADY or YOUNG GENTLEMAN who is afflicted with a

BAD BREATH

should delay in applying this remedy, for it is a certain cure, and is approved and recommended by every physician under whose notice it has been brought.

A BAD BREATH

is an offence for which there is no excuse while

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH

can be procured.

Many persons carry with them a bad breath, greatly to the annoyance and often to the disgust of those with whom they come in contact, without being conscious of the fact. To relieve yourself from all fears regarding this,

USE DR. WM. B. HURD'S MOUTH WASH.

Cleanliness of the mouth is of great importance to the general health, which is often affected, and not unfrequently seriously impaired, through want of proper attention to this subject.

USE DR. WM. B. HURD'S MOUTH WASH.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE, 37 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold also by Caswell, Mack & Co., Fifth Avenue Hotel; J. & I. Coddington, 715 Broadway; D. S. Barnes, 202 Broadway, and by all Druggists.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232, N. 2d Street, and by O. S. Hubbell, 1410, Chestnut street.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTH POWDER.

This Powder possesses the

CARBONIC WITHOUT THE INJURIOUS PROPERTIES OF CHARCOAL,

and is free from all Acids or Alkalies that can in the least injure the Teeth.

ITS ACTION BEING ENTIRELY MECHANICAL—POLISHING WITHOUT WEARING THE ENAMEL.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Tooth Powder

IS RECOMMENDED BY ALL EMINENT DENTISTS.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

Price 25 cents per box.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold also by Caswell, Mack & Co. Fifth-Avenue Hotel; J. & I. Coddington, 715 Broadway; D. S. Barnes, 202 Broadway, and by all Druggists.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232, N. 2d street, and by O. S. Hubbell, 1410, Chestnut street.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTHACHE DROPS

FOR THE CURE OF

TOOTHACHE

produced by exposed nerves.

It is particularly adapted to all cases of children afflicted with

TOOTHACHE.

Parents can relieve themselves from that distressing weariness caused by

LOSS OF SLEEP,

and their children from great suffering, by keeping a bottle of

DR. WM. B. HURD'S TOOTHACHE DROPS

in the house.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

Price, only 12 cents per Bottle.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold also by Caswell, Mack & Co. Fifth-Avenue Hotel; J. & I. Coddington, 715 Broadway; D. S. Barnes, 202 Broadway, and by all Druggists.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232, N. 2d street, and by O. S. Hubbell, 1410, Chestnut street.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

NEURALGIA PLASTERS,

FOR THE CURE OF

NEURALGIA

or Toothache produced by colds.

LOCAL NEURALGIA

is immediately cured by their application.

They act like a charm, and are perfectly harmless in their nature; do not produce a blister, and leave no unpleasant results.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Neuralgia Plasters

never fail to give satisfaction to all who test their virtue.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

Price, only 15 cents each.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold also by Caswell, Mack & Co. Fifth-Avenue Hotel J. & I. Coddington, 715 Broadway; D. S. Barnes, 202 Broadway, and by all Druggists.

Sold ind Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232, N. 2d street, an. by O. S. Hubbell, 1410, Chestnut street.

Dec. 13—1y

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of Jesse Grove, late of West Providence tow'p deceased, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SARAH A. GROVE,
ISAAC GROVE.

March 14, '62. *Administrators.*

NOTICE.—

We, the undersigned, have purchased the patent right of G. W. TOLHURST'S ECLIPSE WASHER, for Bedford county, and hereby forewarn all persons from infringing on said right, as otherwise they will be dealt with according to law.

MAY & SNIDER.

Cumberland Valley, Feb.—3m.

NEW FALL & WINTER GOODS.

The undersigned have just opened a large and elegant assortment of

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

We respectfully solicit a call by all in search of great bargains. The old credit, no pay system, having exploded—for the present, our terms will be—Cash, or Produce.

Nov. 1, '6. A. B. CRAMER & Co

HO! FARMERS,

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS!

Buy an individual right for a Horse Rake. Any farmer that can make a common harrow can make one. If made according to my instructions, I will guarantee it to work as well as any other spring tooth rake ever invented, and this will cost only from $5 to $15, according as you manage in getting it made. I will send by mail a certificate of right for one rake with full instructions for $2. Address (with stamp,)

C. F. WALKER,
Benford's Store, Somerset Co.
DANIEL W. AMOS,,
Bedford, Pa

Feb. 14.

FOR SALE

OR

TRADE!

166 acres near Stonerstown—within ½ mile of the Broadtop Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house— new bank barn—stable, &c., thereon erected; also two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO,

Two lots of ground in Broadtop City, with a new wo story rough cast dwelling house thereon.

ALSO,

A house and lot of ground in Clearville.

ALSO,

Three tracts of land in Southampton Township formerly owned by Wm. Oss, adjoining lands of Arnold Lashley, Artemas Bennet and others.

ALSO,

A grist mill in the "Dutch Corner," formerly owned by Jacob Beard—within about 5 miles of Bedford, with about 40 acres of land belonging to the same—dwelling house and out buildings thereon erected.

ALSO,

100 acres best quality of prarie—near the Missouai river close to the county seat of Harrison Co. Iowa.

ALSO.

Two one hundred and sixty acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne City, in the richest valley of the west—the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha City, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO,

160 acres, two miles above Omaha City, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after personal inspection and careful examination on the ground, and can de well relied upon or future welth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO,

Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind that are good will be taken in exchange—particularly good *bank notes.*

Sept. 20, 1861. O. F. SHANNON.

VALUABLE FARM

FOR SALE.

An excellent farm, situated 4½ miles North East of Bedford, in Bedford township, containing

180 Acres, More or Less,

is offered at private sale on very reasonable terms. Eighty acres of this farm are cleared and under ence. The improvements consist of a

Two Story Log House and Barn,

A young orchard of choice fruit, &c., &c. The farm adjoins lands of Charles Smith, Tho's. Hughes, and others. The title is entirely free from all incumbrances. For further particulars inquire of the editor of the Gazette, or

JOHN H. RUSH, Bedford, Pa.

March 21, 1862.—tf.

FIVE FARMS

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offer for sale the following described farms situated on the head waters of Dunning's Creek, in St. Clair township, Bedford county:

No. 1 contains 262 acres and 11 perches, having thereon erected TWO DWELLING HOUSES and TWO BARNS, (one new) and also a SAW MILL, in running order.

No. 2. contains 131 acres, with new house and new barn thereon erected.

No. 3. contains 183 acres, 35 perches, and is situated on the public road leading from Schellsburg to Pleasantville. The improvements consist of a good house, barn, &c.

No. 4, contains 157 acres and 14 perches. A desirable tract in every respect.

No. 5. contains 163 acres, 48 perches. About 30 acres cleared and the balance finely timbered.

Much of the above described land is bottom land, mostly covered with fine large SUGAR TREES. The fruit upon some of these tracts is choice and in abundance. All of the tracts are well supplied with water. Farmers, Lumbermen, Tanners and Speculators should examine the premises, as they will be sure to find opportunities for good investments. The title is warranted good.

Drafts of the several tracts can be seen with the undersigned, in Bedford, at any time.

For terms and further particulars, address

T. H. LYONS & BRO.,

March 14. Bedford, Pa.

Coal Oil! Coal Oil!

The very best brand made! No smell! no smoke Not explosive, at Hartley's. Only 75cts. per gallon!

100 BEAUTIFUL LAMPS!
100 SPLENDID LAMPS!

different patterns, from 50cts up. Coal Oil makes the best light known. Don't sit in darkness these long winter nights, when you can have a brilliant light for 1 cent.

Hartley has a complete stock of Iron, Nails and Hardware in general, and will not be undersold by any one. He has the best

OIL FOR MACHINES!

and Oil for Harness and Wagons that is known.

Goods sold for cash or approved produce. Lumber, Rye and Wheat wanted. Call at Hartley's when you come to town.

Nov. 5.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,

PHILADELPHIA.

A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

Medical Advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon.

Valuable Reports on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage acceptable. Address, Dr. DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 S. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.

May 31st, '61

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.

All who have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care, that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

Coughs and Colds affecting Troops,

Will be speedily relieved and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

Sick Headache and Want of Appetite, Incidental to Soldiers.

Those feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome; thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

Weakness or Debility Induced by over Fatigue.

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the Bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

Volunteers Attention! Indiscretions of Youth

Sores and Ulcers, Blotches and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the Ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

For Wounds either occasioned by the Bayonet, Sabre or the Bullet, Sores or Bruises.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable, there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and Ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all round it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflammation.

Every Soldier's Knapsack and Seaman's Chest hould be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cts, and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

January 10, 1862.

FOR RENT!—

The Store Room on the corner immediately south of N. Lyons' Store, now in the occupancy of Messrs. Magill & Hoffmier, Saddlers, is for rent from the first of April next.

Apply to

Jan. 24. Dr. F. C. REAMER.

FINKLE & LYON

SEWING-MACHINE CO.,

538 *BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.*

NO person who contemplates purchasing a Sewing Machine for family or manufactnring purposes should fail to send for one of our Circulars, which contains cuts and full descriptions of the several styles, prices and samples of work, all of which we send by mail free. We claim to have the

BEST SEWING MACHINES IN THE WORLD

For either Family or Manufacturing Purposes. And all we ask is a fair trial. Read the following:

IMPORTANT FACTS.

FACT No. 1.—This Company being duly licensed, their Machines are protected against infringements or litigation.

FACT No. 2.—These Machines make the lock-stitch—alike on both sides—and use a little less than half as much thread and silk as the chain or loop-stitch machines.

FACT No. 3.—These Machines are better adapted than any other sewing-machines in market to the frequent changes and almost endless variety of sewing required in a family. They will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect. They will even sew from the finest gauze to the heaviest cloth, and even stout, hard leather, without changing the feed, needle, or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever.—Is not such a machine best adapted to family use? and if best adapted to family use, why not for every variety of light sewing manufacture? For work too heavy for our Family Machine, we recommend our larger sizes.

FACT No. 4.—These Machines make the most elastic seam of any sewing-machine in use—a fact of very great importance in sewing elastic goods, or goods of any kind, or a bias.

FACT No. 5.—No Machine is more durable or more simple in its construction, or more easily understood. The reputation of these Machines wherever used will fully demonstrate each of the above facts.

FACT No. 6.—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia.

FACT No. 7—These Machines took the Highest Premium at the New Jersey State Fair.

FACT No 8.—These Machines took the Highest Medal at the American Institute, in the City of New York, together with the Highest Premium for fine Sewing-Machine Work.

FACT No. 9.—These Machines took both the Highest Premiums at the Mechanics' Fair, Utica,

FACT No. 10.—These Machines can do the same thing generally, whenever properly exhibited in competition with other first-class Sewing Machines. But we have space for only one fact more—it is the most important Fact of all

FACT No. 11.—*We warrant every Machine we sell to give better satisfaction than any Other Sewing Machine in market, or money refunded.*

☞Send for a Circular. AGENTS WANTED. Address,

Finkle & Lyon Sewing-Machine Co.

No. 538 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

Aug. 3, '61. 1 yr.

PRINCE ALBERT POTATOES,

For sale at Hartley's Hardware Store.

They yield equal to "lay overs," are an excellent table potato, and not apt to rot.

ALSO,

CHOICE SEED BARLEY, free from oats, for sale at Hartley's.

ALSO,

Choice Philadelphia Garden Seeds,

for sale at Hartley's Hardware Store.

April 4, 1862.—3t.

CONFECTIONARY

AND GROCERY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoanuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, creamcandies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pock-et and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "ridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, penholders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17, '59.—1y.

NEW GROCERY.—

CORNER WEST PITT AND JULIANA STREETS.

THE subscriber is opening at this well known stand, a well selected stock of Groceries, Confectionaries, Tobacco and Cigars, consisting in part of Coffee, brown, crushed, and pulverized Sugars, refined and golden Syrup, baking Molasses, Young Hyson, Imperial and Black Tea, Chocolate, Corn Starch, flavoring extracts, Cheese, Corn Brooms, painted Buckets, Dusting, Wall, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Tooth and Hair, Brushes.

CONFECTIONARIES,

Such as plain and fancy candies, fruited candies and flavored Jellies, water, butter and sweet Crackers, foreign fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, Dates, Currants, Citrons, Filberts, Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Almonds, & Pea Nuts.

TOBACCO.

Congress Plugs, Sweet Plantation, Natural Leaf, Rough and Ready, Lynchburg Smoking, a superior article, Cut and Dry, &c.,

CIGARS.

Operas, Sixes, Half Spanish and a variety of other brands. The Public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

All kinds of country produce taken at the highest market prices, but no goods sold on credit.

J. B. FARQUHAR.

Bedford, April 29, 1861.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Dock & Ashcom, in the Foundry & Machine business, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books of the firm are in the hands of C. W. Ashcom, who is authorized to settle the same.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C.W. ASHCOM,

April 12, 1861.

N. B.—The business will be continued by C. W. Ashcom at the old stand, where all kinds of machinery will be made and repaired.

W. W. MAIR. JOHN S. DAVISON.

MAIR AND DAVISON,

Importers and Dealers in

Saddlery, Carriage and Trunk Hardware and Trimmings,

NO. 127 WOOD STREET,

Pittsburg Penn'a.

TO THE PEOPLE OF BEDFORD AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

T. M. LYNCH, at the Bedford Nursery, offers for sale this fall, at war prices, a general stock of fruit trees, consisting of all the choicest varieties of Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Nectarines, Quinces, and Dwarf Pear trees, of the finest kinds. Upwards of 15,000 trees are now under cultivation.

Lawton Blackberries, Raspberries, including Brinckley's Orange, Gooseberries that will not mildew. Cherry Currants, size of common cherries, Dutch Currants, Strawberries of finest kinds.—Choicest varieties of

GRAPE ROOTS, RHUBARB, ASPARAGUS,

EVERGREENS, VINES AND CREEPERS.

Fifty Varieties of ROSES, Perpetual Blooming, all colors and shades.

My stock is remarkably thrifty and will be sold, for cash, much lower than traveling agents are selling at, who have to bring their stock a great distance and thereby injure them very much by exposure.

The above stock is raised in Bedford County soil and climate and can be had fresh from the ground.

All orders promptly attended to and trees sent as directed by hack or otherwise.

For further information address a few lines to

T. M. LYNCH,

Oct. 4, 1861. Bedford, Pa.

BLAIR COUNTY

NORMAL SCHOOL & SEMINARY.

FALL TERM COMMENCING AUG. 12TH '61.

DAILY instruction given in the Theory and Practice of Teaching.

Boarding $1.50 per week.

Tuition in full English and scientific course $6,82 per quarter of ten weeks.

For circular containing full particulars address

OSBORNE & DICKERSON,
Principals,

July 19th, '61. Martinsburg, Blair Co., Pa

GO AND

C

REED'S NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

To be sold for cash or produce only.

P. A. REED wishes to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has bought out the Stock of his brother, JACOB REED, and in addition, is receiving from Philadelphia, an elegant New Stock of Goods bought at Panic Prices, consisting of DRY GOODS, *Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.* All of which have been bought at the Lowest Net Cash Prices, and, will be sold unprecedentedly low for Cash or Country Produce.

The undersigned determined to act upon the Principle that "a Nimble Sixpence is better than a Slow Shilling," can adopt the language of the Poet:

"Come One, Come All, this rock, shall fly,
From its firm base as soon as I,"

Oct. 25, '61. P. A. REED,

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, on the estate of George Miller, of South Woodbury tow'p deceased, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claimsst again the same, will present them authenticated for settlement.

O. E. SHANNON,

March 14, '62. *Administrator.*

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

George Blymire & Son

Have opened a new and carefully selected assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, Hardwares Cutlery, Copper and Brass Kettles, Tin and Sheet Iron Wares, Parlor, Ten Plate and Cooking Stoves, of a great variety of patterns, and at prices from $2 50, up to $35 00.

Persons about to commence house keeping will find it to their advantage to give us a call; and we invite the public generally to come and examine our stock.

All our purchases being for *Cash* only, and at *cash prices*, we believe we can, and intend to sell at rates more than ordinarily favorable, our purpose being to put no greater advance upon our goods than will afford a fair and reasonable profit.

We propose to sell for *cash*, or on a short credit to those only, who will pay promptly when called on. This rule will not be departed from.

March 21, 1862.

BEDFORD FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Bannon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS, APPLE MILLS, COOKING, TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND

sleigh soles, wash kettles of different sizes wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

☞PLOUGHS.—WOODCOCK, SEYLER and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the emergencies of the times, we will

Sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb 25,'60-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared at the Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Casting of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Londerbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

H. C. REAMER

JULIANNA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.,

In the stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnish tine, Window Glass, Glassware

received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonic's Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

MENGEL HOUSE,

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber, having renovated and refurnished this old established House, is now prepared to receive guests. He invites his friends and the traveling public to give him a call. Having new furniture, new beds, and everything necessary to render hearty cheer to those in want of a temporary home, he flatters himself that those who stay with him, will find themselves at the right place.

He is fully prepared to receive visitors to the Springs, and all having business with the courts or otherwise.

Ample stabling and carriage house is attached to the Hotel.

Boarders will be received on favorable terms

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Bedford, April 20, 1860.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

CORNER OF WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

HARRY SHIRLS PROPRIETOR.

April 12 1861.

FOR SALE,

OR EXCHANGE.—

Three tracts of very choice farm land, containing 160 acres in each tract, situate on the Illinois Central R. R., in Champaign co., State of Illinois, 8 miles from the city of Urbana, and 1 mile from Rentual Station on said road. Two of the tracts adjoin, and one of them has a never failing pond of water. The city of Urbeuna contains a population of 3000. Champaign is the greatest wheat growing county in the State. Address,

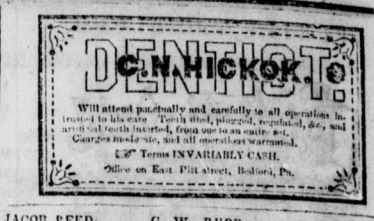
F. C. REAMER,
Bedford, Pa.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned was dissolved on the first day of October, inst. The accounts are in the hands of Josiah S. Deal, for collection, to whom all dues must be paid.

The line of coaches will hereafter be run by the firm of Deal and Brother.

JOSIAH S. DEAL,
Oct. 11, 1861. WILLIAM DIBERT.


DENTIST.
C. N. HICKOK,
Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.
☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL

REED, RUPP AND SCHELL,

BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE

BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOE MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		"

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—

Letters of administration having been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of Daniel Houck, late of Cumberland Valley township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

AMOS GROSS,
JOHN B. HARDINGER,

March 14, '62. *Administrators.*

CESSNA & SHANNON—

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN P. REED—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Aug. 1, 1859.

JOHN BORDER

GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN—

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.—tf.

MANN & SPANG—

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate. JOB MANN

Aug. 1, 1859. G. H. SPANG.

J. W. LINGENFELTER—

ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES.

☞Office three doors North of the "Inquirer" Office.

DR. B. F. HARRY—

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius

Aug. 1, 1859.

DR. F. C. REAMER—

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Aug. 1, 1859.

A. H. COFFROTH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SOMERSET, PA.,

Will hereafter practice regularly in the several Courts of Bedford county. Business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to.

December 6, 1861.

BEDFORD HOTEL.—

AND GENERAL STAGE OFFICE.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, on Pitt Street, where he would be happy to meet his old friends, and the public generally.

It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The tyuse will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged.

Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached de this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

ALL THE STAGES STOP AT THIS HOTEL.

JOHN HAFER,

Aug. 1, 1860. Proprietor

WASHINGTON HOUSE,

BEDFORD, PA.

MRS. S. FILLER would respectfully announce to her friends in Bedford County, and to the public generally, that she has leased, for a term of years, the large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOUSE," and lately kept by MRS. COOK. This house is being thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and comfortable temporary home.—Every attention will be paid to the comfort and accommodation of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges moderate.

Extensive stabling is attached to this hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance. Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

March 30th, 1860.

ROCK POWDER—

Just received and for sale by

March 22. A. L. DEFIBAUGH.